OTIF	OTIF ROLLING STOCK			
AD OIL	FREIGHT W	Page 1 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

APTU Uniform Rules (Appendix F to COTIF 1999)

Uniform Technical Prescriptions (UTP) applicable to Rolling Stock, subsystem

FREIGHT WAGONS - (UTP WAG)

These regulations have been developed in accordance with the provisions of APTU, in particularly Article 8, in the version as amended by the OTIF Revision Committee in 2009, which entered into force on 1 December 2010.

For definitions and terms, see also Article 2 of ATMF (Appendix G) and Article 2 of APTU (Appendix F), both Appendices to the 1999 version of the COTIF Convention as applicable since 1 December 2010.

Footnotes are not part of the regulations; they are only included as explanatory information. The corrections to the Annexes to TSI WAG in force indicated in the part "Errata" of the ERA document.

Explanatory note:

The texts of this UTP which appear across two columns are identical to corresponding texts of the European Union regulations. Texts which appear in two columns differ; the left-hand column contains the UTP regulations, the right-hand column shows the text in the corresponding EU regulations. The text in the right-hand column is for information only and is not part of the OTIF regulations.

1. Introduction

A Uniform Technical Prescription (UTP) is a set of rules relating to a subsystem or a part of it, as defined in APTU-Appendix F to the convention, in order:

A Technical Specification for Interoperability (TSI) is a specification that covers a subsystem (or part of it) as described in Article 2(i) of Directive 2008/57/EC in order:

- to ensure the interoperability of the rail system and
- to meet the essential requirements.

1.1. Technical scope

This UTP shall apply to freight wagons with a maximum operating speed lower than or equal to 160 km/h and a maximum axle load lower than or equal to 25 t.

This UTP shall apply to freight wagons which are intended to be operated on one or more of the following nominal track gauges: 1435 mm, 1524 mm,

See Article 2.

OTIF	UTP WAG			
	FREIGHT W	Page 2 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

1600 mm, and 1668 mm.

The UTP shall not apply to freight wagons operating mainly on the 1520 mm track gauge, which may occasionally be operated on 1524 mm track gauge.

Additionally see Article 2.

1.2. Geographical scope

The geographical scope of this UTP comprises all lines open to, or used for international traffic taking into account the limitations concerning the track gauge set out in Article 2.

The geographical scope of this TSI is the entire European Union's rail system as set out in Article 1, taking into account the limitations concerning the track gauge set out in Article 2.

1.3. Content of this document

In accordance with APTU – Appendix F to the convention, this UTP:

In accordance with Article 5(3) of Directive 2008/57/EC, this TSI:

- (a) indicates its intended scope (Chapter 2);
- (b) lays down essential requirements for the part of the rolling stock subsystem concerned and for its interfaces vis-à-vis other subsystems (Chapter 3);
- (c) establishes the functional and technical specifications to be met by the subsystem and its interfaces vis-à-vis other subsystems (Chapter 4).
- (d) determines the interoperability constituents and interfaces which must be covered by European specifications, including European standards, which are necessary to achieve interoperability within the rail system (Chapter 5);
- (e) states, in each case under consideration, which procedures are to be used in order to assess the conformity or the suitability for use of the interoperability constituents and the 'EC' verification of the subsystems (Chapter 6);
- (f) indicates the strategy for implementing the TSIs (Chapter 7);
- (g) indicates, for the staff concerned, the professional qualifications and health and safety conditions at work that are required for the operation and maintenance of the above subsystem, as well as for the implementation of this TSI (Chapter 4).

2. SCOPE AND DEFINITION OF SUBSYSTEM

This UTP is applicable to wagons as defined in APTU – Appendix F to the

This TSI is applicable to "freight wagons including vehicles designed to carry

OTIF	ROLLING S	TOCK	UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT W	Page 3 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

convention, which are intended to be used in international traffic.

lorries" as referred to in Annex I section 1.2 of Directive 2008/57/EC taking into account the limitations as set out in Article 2.

In the following this part of the subsystem rolling stock is called "freight wagon" and belongs to the subsystem "rolling stock"

as set out in the APTU Uniform Rules, UTP GEN-B. The other types of rolling stock listed in point 2.7 of UTP GEN-B are excluded from the scope of this UTP; as set out in Annex II to Directive 2008/57/EC. The other vehicles listed in point 1.2 of Annex I to Directive 2008/57/EC are excluded from the scope of this TSI;

this is especially the case for mobile railway infrastructure construction and maintenance equipment and vehicles designed to carry

- · motor vehicles with their passengers on board or
- motor vehicles without passengers on board but intended to be integrated in passenger trains (car carriers).

In the present

UTP TSI

the following definitions are used:

(a) A **unit** is the generic term used to name the rolling stock. It is subject to the application of this

UTP and therefore subject to assessment in accordance with UTP GEN-D.

TSI, and therefore subject to the EC verification procedure.

A unit can consist of:

- a wagon that can be operated separately, featuring an individual frame mounted on its own set of wheels or
- a rake of permanently connected **elements**, those elements cannot be operated separately or
- separate rail bogies connected to compatible road vehicle(s) the combination of which forms a rake of a rail compatible system.
- (b) A **train** is an operational formation consisting of several units.
- (c) The **design operating state** covers all conditions under which the unit is intended to operate and its technical boundaries.

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 4 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

This design operating state may go beyond the specifications of this TSI in order that units may be used together in a train on the network under the safety management system of a railway undertaking.

3. ESSENTIAL REQUIREMENTS

UTP GEN-A sets out the essential requirements that must be met by the subsystems. Table 1 indicates the basic parameters specified in the present UTP and their correspondence to the essential requirements.

Article 4(1) of Directive 2008/57/EC states, that the rail system its subsystems and their interoperability constituents shall meet the relevant essential requirements. The essential requirements are set out in general terms in Annex III of Directive 2008/57/EC. Table 1 indicates the basic parameters specified in this TSI and their correspondence to the essential requirements as explained in Annex III to Directive 2008/57/EC.

Table 1

3.1.1. Basic parameters and their correspondence to the essential requirements

		essentia	essential requirements			
point	basic parameter	safety	reliabi- lity & availabi- lity	health	environ- ment protect- tion	technical compatibili ty
4.2.2.1.1	End coupling	1.1.1, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 2.4.1				
4.2.2.1.2	Inner coupling	1.1.1, 1.1.3, 2.4.1				
4.2.2.2	Strength of unit	1.1.1, 1.1.3, 2.4.1				
4.2.2.3	Integrity of the unit	1.1.1				
4.2.3.1	Gauging	1.1.1				2.4.3

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 5 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

4.2.3.2	Compatibility with load carrying capacity of lines	1.1.1			2.4.3
4.2.3.3	Compatibility with train detection systems	1.1.1			2.4.3
4.2.3.4	Axle bearing condition monitoring	1.1.1	1.2		2.4.3
4.2.3.5.1	Safety against derailment running on twisted track	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 2.4.1			2.4.3
4.2.3.5.2	Running dynamic behaviour	1.1.1 1.1.2			2.4.3
4.2.3.6.1	Structural design of bogie frame	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3			
4.2.3.6.2	Characteristics of wheelsets	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3			2.4.3
4.2.3.6.3	Characteristics of wheels	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3			2.4.3
4.2.3.6.4	Characteristics of axles	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3			
4.2.3.6.5	Axle box / bearings	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3			
4.2.3.6.6	Variable gauge wheelsets	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3			
4.2.3.6.7	Running gear for manual change of wheelsets	1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3			
4.2.4.2	Brake - Safety requirements	1.1.1, 1.1.3	1.2 2.4.2		

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT W	FREIGHT WAGONS			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012	

4.2.4.3.1	Brake - General functional requirements	1.1.1 2.4.1	2.4.2			
4.2.4.3.2.1	Brake performance – In-service brake	1.1.1, 1.1.2 2.4.1	2.4.2			1.5
4.2.4.3.2.2	Brake performance – Parking brake	2.4.1				2.4.3
4.2.4.3.3	Brake - Thermal capacity	1.1.1, 1.1.3 2.4.1				2.4.3
4.2.4.3.4	Brake - Wheel slide protection (WSP)	2.4.1	2.4.2			
4.2.5	Environ-mental conditions	1.1.1 1.1.2				2.4.3
4.2.6.1	Fire safety General	1.1.1 1.1.4				
4.2.6.1.2.1	Fire safety Barriers	1.1.4		1.3.2	1.4.2	
4.2.6.1.2.2	Fire safety Materials	1.1.4		1.3.2	1.4.2	
4.2.6.1.2.3	Fire safety Cables	1.1.4 1.1.5		1.3.2	1.4.2	
4.2.6.1.2.4	Fire safety – Flammable liquids	1.1.4		1.3.2	1.4.2	
4.2.6.2	Protection against electric hazard	1.1.5 2.4.1				
4.2.6.3	Attachment device for rear- end signal	1.1.1				

The essential requirements 1.3.1, 1.4.1, 1.4.3 and 1.4.5 of UTP GEN-A may fall under the scope of other legislation applicable in the Contracting State. The application of the present UTP does not ensure full compliance with these

The essential requirements 1.3.1, 1.4.1, 1.4.3, 1.4.4 and 1.4.5 of Annex III to Directive 2008/57/EC fall under the scope of other Union legislation.

OTIF	UTP WAG			
	FREIGHT W	Page 7 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

essential requirements.

The essential requirement 1.4.4 on noise pollution is fulfilled for all vehicle related parameters by application of the UTP Noise.

4. CHARACTERISATION OF THE SUBSYSTEM

4.1. Introduction

In accordance with UTP GEN-B, and in order to structure the functional and technical requirements in relation to the different types of items to be technically admitted according to APTU and ATMF, the rail system is divided into subsystems. Belonging to the subsystem rolling stock, freight wagons form a part of the rail system. The consistency of this system shall be verified.

The rail system, to which Directive 2008/57/EC applies and of which freight wagons form a part, is an integrated system whose consistency shall be verified.

This consistency shall be checked in particular with regard to the specifications of the rolling stock subsystem and the compatibility with the network (section 4.2), its interfaces in relation to the other subsystems of the rail system in which it is integrated (sections 4.2 and 4.3), as well as the initial operating and maintenance rules (section 4.4 and 4.5).

as requested by Article 18(3) of Directive 2008/57/EC.

The technical file, as set out in

UTP, General Provisions – (GEN-C) and Article 10 § 6 of ATMF

Article 18(3) and Annex VI to Directive 2008/57/EC (section 4.8),

shall contain in particular design related values concerning the compatibility with the network.

4.2. Functional and technical specifications of the subsystem

4.2.1. General

In light of the essential requirements in Chapter 3, the functional and technical specifications of the subsystem "rolling stock - freight wagons" are grouped and sorted out in the following points of this Chapter:

- Structures and mechanical parts
- Gauging and vehicle track interaction

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
FREIGHT WAGONS				Page 8 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

- Brake
- Environmental conditions
- System protection

Except where this is strictly necessary for the interoperability of the rail system and to meet the relevant essential requirements, the functional and technical specifications of the freight wagon and its interfaces do not impose the use of any particular technical solutions.

Innovative solutions, which do not fulfil the requirements specified in this

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and/or which are not assessable as stated in this,

UTP TS

require new specifications and / or new assessment methods. In order to allow technological innovation, these specifications and assessment methods shall be developed by the process "innovative solution" described in Chapter 6.

When the functional and technical specifications that are necessary in order to achieve interoperability and to meet the essential requirements, have not been developed concerning a particular technical aspect, this aspect is identified as an open point in the relevant point. As required in

Article 8 § 7 of APTU

Article 5(6) of Directive 2008/57/EC

all open points are listed in Appendix A.

In Appendix C a set of conditions is specified. The conformity with this set of conditions

is mandatory for wagons intended to be used in Contracting States which are not Member States of the European Union and which do not apply Union legislation.

is optional. If this option is selected,

Compliance with Appendix C is however optional for wagons intended to be operated only in OTIF Contracting States in which the definition of safety responsibilities is compatible with the EU Safety and Interoperability Directives 2004/49/EC and 2008/57/EC.

Such safety responsibilities shall result in the controlled application of the correct operational regime for any type of wagon

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT W	FREIGHT WAGONS			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012	

within the defined limits and conditions of use for that type of wagon.

For non-EU OTIF Contracting states, the competent authority for the admission of rail vehicles should declare if such compatibility with the EU Safety and Interoperability Directives exists.

the conformity shall be assessed by

an assessing entity as defined in Article 5 § 2 of ATMF and UTP GEN-E, using the procedure as defined in ATMF Article 4 and UTP GEN-D.

a notified body within the EC verification procedure.

In accordance with

Article 8 § 6 of APTU,

Article 5(5) of Directive 2008/57/EC,

provision may be made for specific cases for each

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Such provisions are indicated in Chapter 7.

As far as possible the assessment procedure for the requirements in section 4.2 is defined in Chapter 6. In these cases the text of section 4.2 makes a reference to the corresponding points and sub points clauses of Chapter 6. If for a particular basic parameter the separation of requirements and assessment procedures is not feasible, no reference is given.

4.2.2. Structures and mechanical parts

4.2.2.1. Mechanical Interface

4.2.2.1.1. End coupling

The end coupling is the mechanical interface between units forming a train.

The coupling system shall be designed in a way that no human presence between the units to be coupled / uncoupled shall be required whilst either one unit is moving.

End couplings shall be resilient and capable of withstanding the forces in accordance with the defined design operating state of the unit.

4.2.2.1.2. Inner coupling

The inner coupling is the mechanical interface between elements forming a unit.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 10 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

The inner coupling shall be resilient and capable of withstanding the forces in accordance with the defined design operating state of the unit. The joint between two elements sharing the same running gear, is covered by point 4.2.2.2.

The longitudinal strength of the inner coupling(s) shall be equal to or higher than the one of the end coupling(s) of the unit.

4.2.2.2. Strength of unit

The structure of a unit body, any equipment attachments and lifting and jacking points shall be designed such that no cracks, no significant permanent deformation or ruptures occur under the load cases defined in Chapter 5 of EN12663-2:2010. Joining techniques shall be deemed to be covered by the demonstration of conformity in accordance to point 6.2.2.1.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.1.

The jacking positions shall be marked on the unit. The marking shall comply with point 4.5.13 of EN 15877-1:2012.

4.2.2.3. Integrity of the unit

The unit shall be designed so that all movable parts intended to close an aperture (access doors, tarpaulin, lids, hatches, etc.) are prevented against an unintentional movement of these parts.

Locking devices shall indicate their status (open/closed) and shall be visible outside the unit.

4.2.3. Gauging and track interaction

4.2.3.1. Gauging

This point concerns the rules for calculation intended for sizing the rolling stock to run on one or several networks without interference risk.

The compliance of a unit with the intended reference profile including the reference profile for the lower part shall be established by one of the methods set out in EN 15273-2:2009.

The kinematic method, as described in EN 15273-2:2009 shall be used to establish conformity, if any, between the reference profile established for the unit and the respective target reference profiles G1, GA, GB and GC including those used for the lower part GIC1 and GIC2.

4.2.3.2. Compatibility with load carrying capacity of lines

The vertical loading characteristics of the unit shall be determined in order to check compatibility with the load carrying capacity of lines.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 11 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

The permissible payload a unit may carry, for axle loads up to and including 25t, shall be determined by application of clauses 6.1 and 6.2 of EN 15528:2008.

4.2.3.3. Compatibility with train detection systems

If the unit is intended to be compatible with one or more of the following train detection systems, this compatibility shall be established

In accordance with the provisions applicable to the networks the vehicle is intended to operate.

according to the provisions of the Commission Decision 2012/88/EU¹.

For this purpose the parameters as listed below shall be recorded in the technical file.

However, and without prejudice to specific cases, wagons in full compliance with appendix C are deemed to be compatible with all train detection systems.

- (a) Train detection systems based on track circuits.
 - The distance between two consecutive axles.
 - The distance between buffer end and first axle
 - The minimum axle load in all load conditions
 - The electrical resistance between the running surfaces of the opposite wheels of a wheelset. If the wagon is equipped with a system that incorporates brake blocks or scrubbers acting on the wheel threat, the effect of such system shall be taken into account.
- (b) Train detection systems based on axle counters.
 - The maximum distance between two consecutive axles
 - The minimum distance between two consecutive axles
 - the distance between end and first

 $(^{3})$

 $(^{2})$

² EU provisions included in Commission Decision 2012/88/EU

³ EU provisions included in Commission Decision 2012/88/EU

OJ L 51, 23.2.2012, p. 1.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 12 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

axles of the unit

- The wheel diameter
- The metal-free space around wheels
- The characteristics of the wheel material regarding magnetic fields
- (c) Train detection systems based on loop equipment.
 - The metal-mass of the vehicle

4.2.3.4. Axle bearing condition monitoring

It shall be possible to monitor the axle bearing condition either by

- line side detection equipment or
- on-board equipment.

If the unit is intended to be capable of being monitored by line side equipment on the 1435 mm track gauge network the unit shall be compliant with clauses 5.1 and 5.2 of EN 15437-1:2009 in order to ensure sufficient visibility.

 $(^{4})$

For units intended to be operated on the networks with track gauges of 1524 mm, 1600 mm, 1668 mm, the corresponding values in table 2 referring to the parameters of the standard EN 15437-1:2009 shall be applied.

Table 2

Target and prohibitive zone for units intended to be operated on particular networks

	Y _{TA} [mm]	W _{TA} [mm]	L _{TA} [mm]	Y _{PZ} [mm]	W _{PZ} [mm]	L _{PZ} [mm]
1524 mm	1080±35	≥50	≥200	1080±5	≥140	≥500
(both areas are relevant)	894±2	≥14	≥200	894±2	≥28	≥500
1600 mm	1110±2	>70	>180	1110±2	>125	>500
1668 mm	1176±10	≥55	≥100	1176±10	≥110	≥500

The specifications of the design and the conformity assessment of on-board equipment is an open point in this

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⁴ EU provisions included in Commission Decision 2012/88/EU

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 13 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

UTP. TSI.

4.2.3.5. Running safety

The dynamic behaviour of a vehicle has a strong influence on safety against derailment, running safety and track loading.

4.2.3.5.1. Safety against derailment running on twisted track

The unit shall be designed to ensure safe running on twisted track, taking into account specifically the transition phase between canted and level track and cross level deviations.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.2.

4.2.3.5.2. Running dynamic behaviour

The unit shall be designed to provide safe movement up to the maximum design speed.

The running dynamic behaviour of a unit shall be proven either by

- following the procedures set out in Chapter 5 of EN 14363:2005, or
- performing simulations using a validated model.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.3.

For units equipped with running gear assessed on interoperability constituent level in accordance with point 6.1.2.1, a specific test or simulation on subsystem level is not required.

4.2.3.6. Running gear

The running gear guarantees to carry and guide the unit safely as well as to transmit braking forces where so required.

4.2.3.6.1. Structural design of bogie frame

The integrity of the structure of a bogie frame, all attached equipment and body to bogie connection shall be demonstrated based on methods as set out in point 6.2 of EN 13749:2011.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.1.2.1.

4.2.3.6.2. Characteristics of wheelsets

The wheelset assembly shall be able to transmit forces and torque between the fitted parts in accordance with the area of use.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 14 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

The geometric dimensions of the wheelsets, as defined in figure 1, shall be compliant with limit values specified in table 3. These limit values shall be taken as design values and shall be stated as in-service limit values in the maintenance file described in section 4.5.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.1.2.2.

Fig. 1

4.2.4. Symbols for wheelsets used in table 3

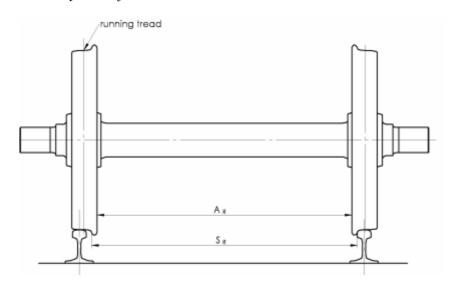


Table 3

4.2.5. Limits of use of the geometric dimensions of wheelsets

Des	signation	Wheel diam. D [mm]	Minimum value [mm]	Maximum value [mm]
		330 ≤ D ≤ 760	1415	1426
	Front-to-front dimension (S_R) $S_R = A_R + S_{d,left} + S_{d,right}$	760 < D ≤ 840	1412	1426
		D > 840	1410	1426
	Back to back distance (A _R)	330 ≤ D ≤ 760	1359	1363
1435 mm		760 < D ≤ 840	1358	1363
		D > 840	1357	1363

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 15 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

		ı		ı
	Front-to-front dimension (S_R)	400 ≤ D < 840	1492	1514
	$S_R = A_R + S_{d,left} + S_{d,right}$	D ≥ 840	1487	1514
mm	Back to back distance (A _R)	400 ≤ D < 840	1444	1448
1524	back to back distance (AR)	D ≥ 840	1442	1448
	Front-to-front dimension (S _R)	690 ≤ D ≤ 1016	1573	1592
	$S_R = A_R + S_{d,left} + S_{d,right}$			
mm	Deal, to be all distance (A.)	690 ≤ D ≤ 1016	1521	1526
1600	Back to back distance (A _R)			
	Front-to-front dimension (S _R)	330 ≤ D < 840	1648 ⁵	1659
	$S_R = A_R + S_{d,left} + S_{d,right}$	840 ≤ D ≤ 1250	1643 ⁶	1659
mm	Back to back distance (A _R)	330 ≤ D < 840	1592	1596
1668	Dack to back distance (AR)	840 ≤ D ≤ 1250	1590	1596

4.2.3.6.3. Characteristics of wheels

The geometrical dimensions of the wheels as defined in Figure 2 shall be compliant with limit values specified in table 4.

Table 4

4.2.6. Limits of use of the geometric dimensions of wheels

Designation		Wheel diam. D [mm]	Minimum value [mm]	Maximum value [mm]
	Width of the rim (B _R) (with maximum BURR of 5	D ≥ 330	133	140
_	Thickness of the flange (S_d)	330 ≤ D ≤ 760	27,5	33
1435 mm		760 < D ≤ 840	25	33
		D > 840	22	33

Two-axle wagons with axle load up to 22.5t the value shall be taken as 1651 mm

Two-axle wagons with axle load up to 22.5t the value shall be taken as 1651 mm

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 16 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

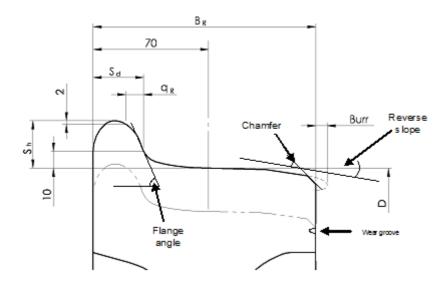
		•		
		330 ≤ D ≤ 630	31,5	36
	Height of the flange (S _h)	630 < D ≤ 760	29,5	36
		D > 760	27,5	36
	Face of the flange (q _R)	D ≥ 330	6,5	-
	Width of the rim (B _R) (with maximum BURR of 5	D ≥ 400	134	140
		400 ≤ D < 760	27,5	33
	Thickness of the flange (S _d)	760 ≤ D < 840	25	33
		D ≥ 840	22	33
		400 ≤ D < 630	31,5	36
L	Height of the flange (S_h)	630 ≤ D < 760	29,5	36
.4 mm		D ≥ 760	27,5	36
1524	Face of the flange (q _R)	D ≥ 400	6,5	-
	Width of the rim (B _R) (with maximum BURR of 5	690 ≤ D ≤ 1016	137	139
۽	Thickness of the flange (S _d)	690 ≤ D ≤ 1016	26	33
600 mm	Height of the flange (S _h)	690 ≤ D ≤ 1016	28	38
160	Face of the flange (q _R)	690 ≤ D ≤ 1016	6,5	-
	Width of the rim (B _R) (with maximum BURR of 5	D ≥ 330	133	140
	Thickness of the flange (S _d)	330 ≤ D ≤ 840	27,5	33
	Trickiness of the harige (od)	D > 840	22 (PT); 25 (ES)	33
		330 ≤ D ≤ 630	31,5	36
٦	Height of the flange (S _h)	630 ≤ D ≤ 760	29,5	36
1668 mm		D > 760	27,5	36
166	Face of the flange (q _R)	D ≥ 330	6,5	-

These limit values shall be taken as design values and shall be stated as in-service limit values in the maintenance file described in section 4.5.

Fig. 2

Symbols for wheels used in table 4

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS		Page 17 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN		Date: 26.09.2012



The mechanical characteristics of the wheels shall ensure the transmission of forces and torque as well as the resistance against thermal load where so required in accordance with the area of use.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.1.2.3.

4.2.3.6.4. Characteristics of axles

The characteristics of the axle shall ensure the transmission of forces and torque in accordance with the area of use.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.1.2.4.

The traceability of axles shall take into accounts the findings of the ERA Task force on Freight Maintenance (see "Final report on the activities of the Task Force Freight Wagon Maintenance" published on the ERA website http://www.era.europa.eu).

4.2.3.6.5. Axle boxes / bearings

The axle box and the rolling bearing shall be designed with consideration of mechanical resistance and fatigue characteristics. Temperature limits reached in service relevant for the hot box detection shall be defined.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.4.

4.2.3.6.6. Variable gauge wheelsets

This requirement is applicable to units equipped with variable gauge wheelsets with changeover between two track gauges.

OTIF ROLLING STOCK		UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT WAGONS		Page 18 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN		Date: 26.09.2012

The changeover mechanism of the wheelset shall ensure the safe locking

- of the wheels and
- of the corresponding brake equipment

in the correct intended axial position considering the dynamic effects in accordance with the design operating state of the unit.

The conformity assessment of the requirements specified in this point is an open point.

4.2.3.6.7. Running gear for manual change of wheelsets

The requirement is applicable to units prepared to run on different track gauges, by means of a physical change of wheelset.

The unit shall be equipped with a locking mechanism in order to ensure the correct position of its brake equipment in the different configurations considering the dynamic effects in accordance with the design operating state of the unit.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.5.

4.2.7. Brake

4.2.7.1. General

The purpose of the train brake system is to ensure that

- the train's speed can be reduced,
- the train's speed can be maintained on a slope
- the train can be stopped within the maximum allowable braking distance and that
- the train can be immobilised.

Primary factors that influence the braking performance and the braking process are

- the braking power,
- the train mass,
- the speed,
- the allowable braking distance,
- the available adhesion and
- the track gradient.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK		UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT WAGONS		Page 19 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

The brake performance of a train is derived from the individual brake performance of each unit in the train.

4.2.7.2. Safety requirements

The braking system contributes to the safety level of the railway system. Therefore the design of the braking system of a unit has to undergo a risk assessment in accordance with

UTP GEN-G Risk Evaluation and Assessment, Commission Regulation (EC) No 352/2009⁷

considering the hazard of complete loss of the brake capability of the unit. The severity level shall be deemed as catastrophic when

- it affects the unit alone (combination of failures) or,
- it affects the brake capability of more than the unit (single fault).

The fulfilment of the conditions of C.9 and C.14 of Appendix C is presumed to be in conformity with this requirement.

4.2.7.3. Functional and technical requirements

4.2.4.3.1. General functional requirements

The brake equipment of the unit shall provide the functions of braking such as the application and the release of the brake, upon a transmitted signal. The brake shall be

- continuous (the brake application or release signal is transmitted from a central command to the whole train by a control line),
- automatic (an inadvertent disruption of the control line shall lead to brake activation on all units of the train bringing each part to stand still),
- disengageable, which enables its release and isolation.

4.2.4.3.2. Brake performance

4.2.4.3.2.1. Service brake

The brake performance of a train or a unit is its ability to decelerate. It is the result of the braking power available to decelerate the train or unit within defined limits and all factors involved in the conversion and dissipation of energy including train resistance.

OJ L 108, 29.04.2009, p.4.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS		Page 20 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

The brake performance of a unit shall be calculated in accordance with one of the following documents:

- EN 14531-6:2009 or
- UIC 544-1:2012.

The calculation shall be validated by tests. Brake performance calculation in accordance with UIC 544-1 shall be validated as set out in UIC 544-1:2012.

4.2.4.3.2.2. Parking brake

A Parking Brake is a brake used to prevent parked rolling stock moving under the specified conditions taking into account the place, wind, gradient and rolling stock loading state, until intentionally released.

If the unit is equipped with a parking brake, the following requirements shall be met:

- the immobilisation shall remain until intentionally released.
- where it is not possible to identify the state of the parking brake directly, an
 indicator showing the state shall be provided on both sides on the outside of
 the vehicle.
- the minimum parking brake performance, considering no wind, shall be determined by calculations as defined in the standard clause 6 of EN 14531-6:2009.
- the minimum performance of the parking brake shall be marked on the unit. The marking shall comply with clause 4.5.25 of EN 15877-1:2012. The parking brake of a unit shall be designed considering a wheel/rail (steel/steel) adhesion factor not higher than 0,12.

4.2.4.3.3. Thermal capacity

The brake equipment shall be able to withstand one emergency brake application without any loss of brake performance due to thermal or mechanical effects.

The braking power, the unit is capable to withstand without any adverse loss of brake performance due to thermal or mechanical effects, shall be defined and expressed in terms of speed and brake application time.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.6.

A slope of 21 % at 70 km/h during 40 km may be considered as the reference case for the thermal capacity which results in a braking power of 45 kW per wheel during 34 minutes for a nominal wheel diameter of 920 mm and an axle load of 22.5 t.

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 21 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN		Date: 26.09.2012	

4.2.4.3.4. Wheel slide protection (WSP)

Wheel slide protection (WSP) is a system designed to use the maximum available adhesion by decreasing, holding or increasing the brake force to prevent wheel sets from locking and uncontrolled sliding. Thereby the stopping distance shall be optimized

If an electronic WSP-control is used negative effects caused by malfunctions of WSP shall be reduced by suitable system design processes and technical configuration.

The WSP shall not alter the functional characteristics of the brakes. The vehicle's air equipment shall be dimensioned such that the air consumption of the WSP does not impair the performance of the pneumatic brake. The design process of the WSP shall take into account that the WSP has no detrimental effect on the constituent parts of the vehicle (brake gear, wheel tread, axle boxes, etc.).

The following types of units shall be fitted with WSP:

- Equipped with all types of brake block, for which the maximum mean utilisation of adhesion is greater than 0,12.
- Equipped with disc brakes only and/or with composite brake blocks, for which the maximum mean utilisation of adhesion is greater than 0,11.

4.2.8. Environmental conditions

The design of the unit, as well as its constituents shall take into account the environmental conditions to which this rolling stock will be subjected to.

The environmental parameters are described in the clauses below. For each environmental parameter, a nominal range is defined, which is the most commonly encountered in Europe, and is the basis for the interoperable unit.

For certain environmental parameters ranges other than the nominal one are defined. In that case, a range shall be selected for the design of the unit.

For the functions identified in the clauses below, design and/or testing provisions taken to ensure that the rolling stock is meeting the

UTP TS

requirements in this range shall be described in the technical file.

Depending on the ranges selected and on provisions taken (described in the technical file), appropriate operating rules could be necessary when the unit designed for the nominal range is operated on a particular line where the nominal range is exceeded at certain periods of the year.

The ranges, if different from the nominal one, to be selected to avoid any restrictive operating rule(s) linked to environmental conditions, are specified by the

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 22 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Contracting States

Member States

and are listed in section 7.4.

The unit and its constituents shall be designed under consideration of one or several of the following temperature classes allocated to external air temperature ranges

- T1: -25°C to +40°C (nominal),
- T2: -40°C to +35°C and
- T3: -25°C to +45°C

The unit shall meet the requirements of this

UTP TS

without degradation for snow, ice and hail conditions as defined in clause 4.7 of EN 50125-1:1999, which correspond to the nominal range.

Where more severe 'snow, ice and hail' conditions than considered in the standard are selected, the unit and its constituents shall then be designed to meet

UTP TS

requirements considering the combined effect with low temperature according to the temperature range chosen.

In relation with the temperature range T2 and with the severe conditions for snow, ice and hail, the provisions taken to meet

UTP TS

requirements in these severe conditions shall be identified and verified, in particular design and/or testing provisions considering the following functions:

- Coupling function restricted to the resiliency of couplings.
- Brake function, including brake equipment.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.7.

- 4.2.9. System protection
- 4.2.9.1. Fire safety
- 4.2.6.1.1. General

All significant potential fire sources (high risk components) on the unit shall be identified. The fire safety aspects of the unit design shall be aimed at

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS		Page 23 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

- preventing a fire from occurring,
- limiting the effects if a fire occurs.

The goods carried on the unit are not part of the unit and do not have to be taken into account in the conformity assessment.

4.2.6.1.2. Functional and technical specification

4.2.6.1.2.1. Barriers

In order to limit the effects of fire, fire barriers with integrity of at least 15 minutes shall be installed between the identified potential fire sources (high risk components) and the carried load.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.8.1.

4.2.6.1.2.2. Materials

All permanent materials used on the unit shall have limited ignitability and flame spread properties, unless

- the material is separated from all potential fire risks on the unit by a fire barrier and the safe application is supported by a risk assessment or
- the component has a mass <400g, and is located within a horizontal distance of ≥40 mm and a vertical distance of ≥400 mm to other non-tested components.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.8.2.

4.2.6.1.2.3. Cables

The selection and installation of electrical cables shall take into account their fire behaviour properties.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.8.3.

4.2.6.1.2.4. Flammable liquids

The unit shall be provided with measures preventing a fire from occurring and spreading due to leakage of flammable liquids or gases.

The demonstration of conformity is described in point 6.2.2.8.4.

4.2.9.2. Protection against electrical hazards

4.2.6.2.1. Protective measures against indirect contact (protective bonding)

The impedance between vehicle body and the running rail shall be low enough to prevent hazardous voltages between them.

OTIF				UTP WAG
40				Page 24 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN		Date: 26.09.2012

Units shall be bonded in accordance with the provisions as described in clause 6.4 of EN 50153:2002.

4.2.6.2.2. Protective measures against direct contact

The electrical installations and equipment of a unit shall be designed so as to protect persons from electric shock.

The unit shall be designed so that direct contact is prevented following the provisions set out in clause 5 of EN 50153:2002.

4.2.9.3. Attachment devices for rear-end signal

On all units designed to receive a rear-end signal, two devices at the end of the unit shall provide for the installation of two lamps or two reflective plates as set out in Appendix E on the same height above rail not higher than 2000 mm.

The dimensions and clearance of these attachment devices shall be as described in chapter 1 of ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-04/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012 published on the ERA website (http://www.era.europa.eu).

4.3. Functional and technical specification of the interfaces

4.3.1. Interface with the subsystem "infrastructure"

Table 5

4.3.2. Interface with infrastructure subsystem

Referen	ce in this TSI	Reference Commission Decision 2011/275/EU	
4.2.3.1	Gauging	4.2.4.1	Minimum structure gauge
		4.2.4.2	Distance between track centres
		4.2.4.5	Minimum radius of vertical curve

OTIF ROLLING STOCK		UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT WAGONS		Page 25 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN		Date: 26.09.2012

Reference in this TSI		Reference Commission Decision 2011/275/EU	
4.2.3.2	Compatibility with load carrying	4.2.7.1	Track resistance to vertical loads
	capacity of lines		Lateral track resistance
		4.2.8.1	Resistance of bridges to traffic loads
		4.2.8.2	Equivalent vertical loading for earthworks and earth pressure effects
		4.2.8.4	Resistance of existing bridges and earthworks to traffic loads
4.2.3.5.2	Running dynamic behaviour	4.2.9	Track geometrical quality
4.2.3.6.2	Characteristics of wheelsets	4.2.5.1	Nominal track gauge
4.2.3.6.3	Characteristics of wheels	4.2.5.6	Rail head profile for plain line
		4.2.6.2	In service geometry of switches and crossings

4.3.3. Interface with the subsystem "operation and traffic management"

Table 6

4.3.4. Interface with operation and traffic management subsystem

Reference in this TSI		Reference Commiss	e sion Decision 2011/314/EU
4.2.2.2	Strength of unit - Lifting and jacking	4.2.3.6.3	Contingency arrangements
4.2.3.1	Gauging	4.2.2.5	Train composition
4.2.3.2	Compatibility with load carrying capacity of lines	4.2.2.5	Train composition
4.2.4	Brake	4.2.2.6	Train braking
4.2.6.3	Attachment devices for rear-end signal.	4.2.2.1.3.2	Rear-end
Appendix E	Rear-end signal		

4.3.5. Interface with the subsystem "control, command and signalling"

Table 7

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 26 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

4.3.6. Interface with control, command and signalling subsystem

	Reference		
Reference in this TSI	Commission Decision 2012/88/EU		
	Annex A, table A2, index 77		
4.2.3.3 a) Rolling stock characteristics compatible with train detection system based on track circuits	- axle distances (3.1.2.1, 3.1.2.4, 3.1.2.5 and 3.1.2.6),		
System based on track circuits	- axle loads (3.1.7.1 and 3.1.7.2)		
	– electrical resistance (3.1.8).		
4.2.3.3 b) Rolling stock characteristics compatible with train detection system based on axle counters	- axle distances (3.1.2.1, 3.1.2.3, 3.1.2.5 and 3.1.2.6),		
System based on axic counters	– wheel geometry (3.1.3.1 - 3.1.3.4),		
	 metal / inductive components-free space between wheels (3.1.3.5) 		
	– wheel material (3.1.3.6).		
4.2.3.3 c) Rolling stock characteristics compatible with train detection system based on loop equipment	- vehicle metal mass (3.1.7.2).		

4.4. Operating rules

Operating rules are those rules necessary for the rail transport undertaking to operate wagons in a safe way.

Operating rules are developed within the procedures described in the railway undertaking safety management system.

These rules take into account the documentation related to operation which forms a part of the technical file as required in

UTP, General Provisions – Technical File (GEN-C).

Article 18(3) of and as set out in Annex VI to Directive 2008/57/EC.

The documentation related to operation describes the characteristics of the unit in relation to the design operating state to be considered in order to define the operating rules in normal and in various reasonably foreseeable degraded modes.

The documentation related to operation is composed of:

 a description of operation in normal mode, including the operational characteristics and limitations of the unit (e.g. vehicle gauge, maximum design speed, axle loads, brake performance, compatibility with train detection systems).

OTIF				UTP WAG
				Page 27 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

a description of operation in degraded mode (when equipment or functions described in this

UTP TS

suffer safety failures) as far as can reasonably predicted, together with the related acceptable limits and operating conditions of the unit that could be experienced.

The applicant shall provide the initial version of the documentation related to operating rules. This documentation might be modified later in accordance with the corresponding Union legislation, taking into account the existing operating and maintenance conditions of the unit. The

Assessing entity Notified Body

shall verify only that the documentation on operation is provided.

4.5. Maintenance rules

Maintenance is a set of activities intended to keep a functional unit in, or to restore it to a state in which it can perform its required function.

The following documents being part of the technical file as required in

UTP, General Provisions – Technical File (GEN-C)

Article 18(3) of and as set out in Annex VI to Directive 2008/57/EC

are necessary to undertake maintenance activities on the units:

- General documentation (point 4.5.1)
- The maintenance design justification file (point 4.5.2) and
- The maintenance description file (point 4.5.3).

The applicant shall provide the three documents described in 4.5.1, 4.5.2. and 4.5.3 This documentation might be modified later in accordance with the corresponding

OTIF regulations, EU legislation,

taking into account the existing operating and maintenance conditions of the unit. The

Assessing Entity Notified Body

shall verify only that the documentation on maintenance is provided.

4.5.1. General documentation

The general documentation comprises of:

OTIF				UTP WAG
				Page 28 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

- Drawings and description of the unit and its components.
- Any legal requirement concerning the maintenance of the unit.
- Drawing of systems (electrical, pneumatic, hydraulic and control-circuit diagrams).
- Additional on-board systems (description of the systems including description of functionality, specification of interfaces and data processing and protocols).
- Configuration files for each vehicle (parts list and bill of material) to enable (in particular but not only) traceability during maintenance activities.

4.5.2. Maintenance design justification file

The maintenance design justification file explains how maintenance activities are defined and designed in order to ensure that the rolling stock characteristics will be kept within permissible limits of use during its lifetime. The file shall give input data in order to determine the criteria for inspection and the periodicity of maintenance activities. The maintenance design justification file consists of

- Precedents, principles and methods used to design the maintenance of the unit.
- Limits of the normal use of the unit (e.g. km/month, climatic limits, foreseen types of loads etc.).
- Relevant data used to design the maintenance and origin of these data (return of experience).
- Tests, investigations and calculations carried out to design the maintenance.

4.5.3. Maintenance description file

The maintenance description file describes how maintenance activities can be conducted. Maintenance activities include, among others, inspections, monitoring, tests, measurements, replacements, adjustments and repairs.

Maintenance activities are split into

- preventive maintenance(scheduled and controlled) and
- corrective maintenance.

The maintenance description file includes the following:

Component hierarchy and functional description which sets up the boundaries
of the rolling stock by listing all the items belonging to the product structure of
that rolling stock and using an appropriate number of discrete levels. The
lowest item of the hierarchy shall be a replaceable component.

OTIF				UTP WAG
				Page 29 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

- Parts list which shall contain the technical and functional descriptions of the spare parts (replaceable units). The list shall include all parts specified for changing based on condition, which may require a replacement following electrical or mechanical malfunction or which will foreseeable require a replacement after an accidental damage. Interoperability constituents shall be indicated and referenced to their corresponding declaration of conformity.
- Limit values for components which are not to be exceeded in service. It is permitted to specify operational restrictions in degraded mode (limit value reached).
- List of reference to the

European

legal obligations to which components or subsystems are subject.

- Maintenance plan⁸ i.e. the structured set of tasks to perform the maintenance including the activities, procedures and means. The description of this set of tasks includes:
 - (a) Disassembly/assembly instructions drawings necessary for correct assembly/disassembly of replaceable parts.
 - (b) Maintenance criteria.
 - (c) Checks and tests in particular of safety relevant parts; these include visual inspection and non-destructive tests (where appropriate e.g. to detect deficiencies that may impair safety).
 - (d) Tools and materials required to undertake the task.
 - (e) Consumables required to undertake the task.
 - (f) Personal protective safety provision and equipment.
- Necessary tests and procedures to be undertaken after each maintenance operation before re-entry into service of rolling stock.

4.6. Professional competencies

The professional competencies of staff required for the operation and maintenance of units are not covered by this

UTP.	TSI.
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The maintenance plan shall take into accounts the findings of the ERA Task force on Freight Maintenance (see "Final report on the activities of the Task Force Freight Wagon Maintenance" published on the ERA website http://www.era.europa.eu).

OTIF				UTP WAG
				Page 30 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

4.7. Health and safety conditions

The provisions for health and safety of staff required for the operation and maintenance of units are covered by the essential requirements1.1.5, 1.3.2, 2.5.1, 2.6.1 set out in

UTP General Provisions- Essential requirements (UTP GEN-A).

Annex III to Directive 2008/57/EC.

In particular, the following points of section 4.2 specify provisions for health and safety of staff:

Point 4.2.2.1.1: End coupling

Point 4.2.6.1: Fire safety

Point 4.2.6.2: Protection against electrical hazards. If the unit is fitted with a manual coupling system, a free space for shunters during coupling and uncoupling shall be provided.

All protruding parts deemed a hazard to operational staff shall be clearly indicated and/or fitted with protective devices.

The unit shall be equipped with footsteps and handrails except in those cases it is not intended to be operated with staff on-board, e.g. for shunting.

4.8. Parameters to be recorded in the technical file

The technical file shall contain at least the following parameters:

- Type, position and resiliency of the end coupling
- Load due to dynamic traction forces and compressive forces
- Gauge reference profiles to which the unit complies
- Conformity, if any, to target gauge reference profile(s) G1, GA, GB and GC
- Compliance, if any, to gauge lower reference profile(s) GIC1 and GIC2
- Mass per axle (tare and fully laden)
- Position of the axles along the unit and number of axles
- Length of the unit
- Maximum design speed Track gauges(s) the unit can be operated on
- Compatibility with train detection systems (track circuits / axle counters / loop equipment)
- Compatibility with hot axle box detection systems

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 31 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

- In-service temperature range of the axle bearings
- Nature of the signal which controls the brake (example: pneumatic main brake pipe, electric brake type XXX, ...)
- Characteristics of the control line and of its coupling with other units (main brake pipe diameter, section of the electric cable ...)
- Individual nominal performance of the brake unit, depending on the brake mode, if any (response time, brake force, level of solicitation of adhesion, ...)
- Braking distance or brake weight depending on the brake mode, if any.
- thermal capacity of the brake components in relation to a braking power expressed in terms of speed and brake application time
- Temperature range and severity level of snow/ice/hail conditions
- Brake weight and maximum gradient of the parking brake (if applicable)
- Ability / inability to be hump shunted
- Presence of footsteps and/or handrails

5. ELEMENTS OF CONSTRUCTION

INTEROPERABILITY CONSTITUENTS

5.1. General

Elements of Construction (ICs), as defined in Article 2(g) of ATMF, Appendix G to the Convention,

Interoperability constituents (ICs), as defined in article 2(f) of Directive 2008/57/EC,

are listed in section 5.3 together with

- their area of use covering parameters of the subsystem and
- the reference to corresponding requirements defined in section 4.2.

An interoperability constituent shall comply with the technical specifications of this chapter whether it is admitted separately as an IC or as part of a subsystem. Separate technical admission of elements of construction (interoperability constituents) is not mandatory in the COTIF regulations, but a Contracting State may decide to approve them according to this UTP on a voluntary basis, on condition that they fulfil the provisions in this and other

When a requirement is identified in section 5.3 as being assessed at IC level, an assessment for the same requirement at subsystem level is not required.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS		Page 32 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

relevant UTPs. The technical admission shall be evidenced by the competent authority or suitable body in the form of a declaration of conformity according to section 6.1.1 of this UTP and UTP GEND.

Regulations from a regional organisation may require mandatory admission of elements of construction (ICs) in particular OTIF Contracting States.

5.2. Innovative solutions

As stated in

section 4.2.1,

section 4.1,

innovative solutions may require new specifications and/or new assessment methods. Such specifications and assessment methods shall be developed by the process described in point 6.1.3 whenever an innovative solution is envisaged for an IC.

5.3. IC specifications

5.3.1. Running gear

The running gear shall be designed for an application range, the area of use, as defined by the following parameters:

- Maximum speed
- Maximum cant deficiency
- Minimum tare of the unit
- Maximum axle load
- Range of distances between bogie pivots or range of wheelbase of "two-axle units"
- Maximum height of centre of gravity of empty unit
- Coefficient of height of centre of gravity of loaded unit minimum torsional stiffness coefficient of car body
- Maximum mass distribution coefficient for empty units with :

$$\frac{1}{2a^*} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{I_z}{m}}$$

OTIF				UTP WAG
				Page 33 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

lzz moment of inertia of the car body relative to the vertical axis through the centre of gravity of the car body

m mass of the car body

2a* wheelbase

- Minimum nominal wheel diameter
- Rail inclination

The parameters speed and axle load may be considered in combination in order to define the appropriate area of use (e.g. maximum speed and tare weight).

The running gear shall comply with the requirements expressed in points 4.2.3.5.2 and 4.2.3.6.1. These requirements shall be assessed at IC level.

5.3.2. Wheelset

The wheelset shall be assessed and designed for the area of use as defined by

- nominal wheel tread diameter and
- maximum vertical static force.

A wheelset shall comply with the requirements on geometrical and mechanical parameters defined in point 4.2.3.6.2. These requirements shall be assessed at IC level.

5.3.3. Wheel

A wheel shall be designed and assessed for an area of use defined by

- nominal tread diameter,
- maximum vertical static force,
- maximum speed and service life and
- maximum braking energy.

A wheel shall comply with the requirements on geometrical, mechanical and thermo mechanical parameters defined in point 4.2.3.6.3. These requirements shall be assessed at IC level.

5.3.4. Axle

An axle shall be designed and assessed for an area of use defined by

maximum vertical static force.

An axle shall comply with the requirements on mechanical parameters defined in point 4.2.3.6.4. These requirements shall be assessed at IC level.

OTIF				UTP WAG
				Page 34 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

5.3.5. Rear-end signal

The rear-end signal, as described in Appendix E, is an independent IC. There are no requirements in section 4.2 dealing with the rear-end signal. Its assessment by the

assessment entity is not part of the assessment of conformity

notified body is not part of the EC verification

of the subsystem.

6. CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT AND VERIFICATION

6.1. Element of Construction (IC)

Interoperability constituent (IC)

6.1.1. Modules

The conformity assessment of an IC shall be performed in accordance with the module(s) described in table 8.

Table 8

6.1.2. *Modules for conformity assessment of interoperability constituents*

Module CA1	Internal production control plus product verification by individual examination
Module CA2	Internal production control plus product verification at random intervals
Module CB	Type examination
Module CD	Conformity to type based on quality management system of the production process
Module CF	Conformity to type based on product verification
Module CH	Conformity based on full quality management system
Module CH1	Conformity based on full quality management system plus design examination

These modules are specified in detail in

UTP General Provisions – Assessment Procedures (Modules) (UTP GEN-D).

the Commission Decision 2010/713/EU.

6.1.3. Conformity Assessment procedures

The applicant may decide to assess the conformity of ICs with this UTP in a process separate from the assessment of the subsystem. In such case the applicant shall

The manufacturer or his authorised representative established within the Union shall

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT W	Page 35 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

choose one of the modules or module combinations indicated in table 9 in accordance with the required constituent.

Table 9

6.1.4. *Modules to be applied for interoperability constituents*

		Modules				
Point	Constituent	CA1 or CA2	CB+C D	CB+C F	СН	CH1
4.2.3.6.1	Running gear		Х	Х		Х
	Running gear - established	Х			X	
4.2.3.6.2	Wheelset	X ^(*)	Х	Х	X ^(*)	Х
4.2.3.6.3	Wheel	X ^(*)	Х	Х	X ^(*)	Х
4.2.3.6.4	Axle	X ^(*)	Х	Х	X ^(*)	Х
5.3.5	Rear-end signal	Х			Х	

^(*) Modules CA1, CA2 or CH may be used only in the case of products placed on the market, and therefore developed, before the entry into force of this TSI, provided that the manufacturer demonstrates to the NoBo that design review and type examination were performed for previous applications under comparable conditions, and are in conformity with the requirements of this TSI; this demonstration shall be documented, and is considered as providing the same level of proof as module CB or design examination according to module CH1.

Within the application of the chosen module or module combination the interoperability constituent shall be assessed against the requirements mentioned in section 4.2. If necessary, additional requirements concerning the assessment of particular interoperability constituents are given in the following clauses.

6.1.4.1. Running gear

The demonstration of conformity for the running gear is set out in Appendix B section2.

Units equipped with an established running gear as listed below are presumed to be in conformity with the relevant requirement provided that the running gears are operated within their established area of use:

- (a) Single axle running gear:
 - Double link suspension.
 - Niesky 2.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT W	Page 36 of 90			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012	

- Suspension S 2000.
- (b) Two-axle bogie running gear:
 - Y25 family.
 - Two-axle steering axle bogie.
- (c) Three-axle bogies:
 - Three-axle bogie family with link suspension.

The assessment of the bogie frame strength shall be based on clause 6.2 of EN 13749:2011.

6.1.4.2. Wheelset

The demonstration of conformity for the mechanical behaviour of the wheelset assembly shall be carried out according to clause 3.2.1 of EN13260:2009+A1:2010, which defines limit values for the axial assembly force and the associated verification test.

A verification procedure shall exist to ensure at the assembly phase that no defects may detrimentally affect safety due to any change in the mechanical characteristics of the fitted parts of the axle.

6.1.4.3. Wheel

(a) Forged and rolled wheels: The mechanical characteristics shall be proven following the procedure as specified in clause 7 of EN 13979-1:2003+A1:2009+A2:2011.

If the wheel is intended to be used with brake blocks acting on the wheel running surface, the wheel shall be thermo mechanically proven by taking into account the maximum braking energy foreseen. A type test, as described in clause 6.2 of EN 13979-1:2003+A1:2009+A2:2011 shall be performed in order to check that the lateral displacement of the rim during braking and the residual stress are within the specified tolerance limits.

The decision criteria of residual stresses for forged and rolled wheels are set out in EN 13979-1:2003+A1:2009+A2:2011.

(b) Other types of wheels: Other types of wheels are permitted for units in national use. In that case the decision criteria and the fatigue stress criteria shall be specified in national rules.

Such national rules may only be applied to international traffic when they are in force in accordance with Article 12 of APTU, Appendix F to the Convention.

Those national rules shall be notified by Member States in accordance with Article 17(3) of Directive 2008/57/EC.

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT V	FREIGHT WAGONS		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

A verification procedure shall exist to ensure at the production phase that no defects may detrimentally affect safety due to any change in the mechanical characteristics of the wheels. The tensile strength of the material in the wheel, the hardness of the running surface, the fracture toughness (only for treadbraked wheels), resistance to impact, the material characteristics and the material cleanliness shall be verified. The verification procedure shall specify the batch sampling used for each characteristic to be verified.

6.1.4.4. Axle

In addition to the requirement on the assembly above, the demonstration of conformity of mechanical resistance and fatigue characteristics of the axle shall be based on clauses 4, 5 and 6 of EN13103:2009+A1:2010.

The decision criteria for the permissible stress are specified in clause 7 of EN 13103:2009+A1:2010. A verification procedure shall exist to ensure at the production phase that no defects may detrimentally affect safety due to any change in the mechanical characteristics of the axles. The tensile strength of the material in the axle, the resistance to impact, the surface integrity, the material characteristics and the material cleanliness shall be verified. The verification procedure shall specify the batch sampling used for each characteristic to be verified.

6.1.5. Innovative solutions for Interoperability Constituents

If an innovative solution (as defined in point 4.2.1) is proposed for an interoperability constituent as defined in section 5.2,

such innovative solution can only be used in vehicles in international traffic after agreement from the Committee of Technical Experts (CTE). Every OTIF Contracting State may (on behalf of a manufacturer) state the deviations from the relevant point of this UTP and submit them to the OTIF Secretariat, which will bring it forward to the CTE for analysis.

the manufacturer or his authorised representative established within the Union shall state the deviations from the relevant point of this TSI and submit them to the European Commission for analysis.

In case the analysis results in a favourable opinion, the appropriate functional and interface specifications as well as the assessment method which are necessary to be included in the

UTP TS

in order to allow the use of this constituent will be developed.

The appropriate functional and interface specifications and the assessment methods so produced shall be incorporated in the

UTP TSI

by the revision process.

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 38 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

By the notification of a decision of the

Committee of Technical Experts,

Commission, taken in accordance with Article 29 of Directive 2008/57/EC,

the innovative solution may be permitted to be used.

6.2. Subsystem

6.2.1. Modules

The

EC

verification of the subsystem "Rolling stock – freight wagons" shall be performed in accordance with the module(s) described in table 10.

Table 10

Assessment procedures for the verification of subsystems

Modules for EC verification of subsystems

(OTIF) Type examination	SB	EC-Type Examination
Quality management system of the production process	SD	EC verification based on quality management system of the production process
Verification based of product verification	SF	EC verification based on product verification
Verification based on full quality management system plus design examination	SH1	EC verification based on full quality management system plus design examination

These modules are specified in detail in

APTU Uniform Rules, Appendix F to COTIF 1999 - UTP GEN-D

the Decision 2010/713/EU.

6.2.2. Verification procedures

EC verification procedures

The applicant shall choose one of the following combinations of modules or module for the

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 39 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

EC

verification of the subsystem.

- (SB+SD) or
- (SB+SF) or
- (SH1).

Within the application of the chosen module or module combination the subsystem shall be assessed against the requirements mentioned in section 4.2. If necessary, additional requirements concerning the assessment of particular constituents are given in the following clauses.

6.2.2.1. Strength of unit

The demonstration of conformity shall be in accordance with chapters 6 and 7 of EN 12663-2:2010.

Regarding joints, a recognised verification procedure shall exist to ensure at the production phase that no defect may decrease the intended mechanical characteristics of the structure.

6.2.2.2. Safety against derailment running on twisted track

The demonstration of conformity shall be carried out either in accordance with

- the procedure defined in section 4.1 of EN 14363:2005 or
- the method given in section 4.2 of EN15839:2012 by using the pre-calculation for standardised solutions.

6.2.2.3. Running dynamic behaviour

On-track tests

The demonstration of conformity shall be carried out in accordance with Chapter 5 of EN 14363:2005.

As an alternative to perform on-track tests on two different rail inclinations, as set out in clause 5.4.4.4 in EN 14363:2005, it is permitted to perform tests on only one rail inclination if it is demonstrated that the tests cover the range of contact conditions as defined in Appendix B, section 1.1.

When an on-track test with normal measuring method is required the unit shall be assessed against the limit values set out in Appendix B.1.2 and B.1.3.

The combination of the highest equivalent conicity and speed for which the unit meets the stability criterion in clause 5 of EN 14363:2005 shall be recorded in the report.

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 40 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

The required test conditions for on-track tests, as set out in EN 14363:2005, are not always fully achievable concerning

- track geometric quality and
- combinations of speed, curvature, cant deficiency.

In cases this is not fully achievable the demonstration of conformity is an open point.

Simulations

Alternatively, under the conditions stated in section 9.3 of EN 15827:2011, a simulation may replace the above mentioned on-track tests.

6.2.2.4. Axle box / bearings

The demonstration of conformity for mechanical resistance and fatigue characteristics of the rolling bearing shall be in accordance with clause 6 of EN12082:2007+A1:2010.

6.2.2.5. Running gear for manual change of wheelsets

Changeover between 1435 mm and 1668 mm track gauges

The technical solutions described in the following figures of the UIC leaflet 430-1:2006 are deemed to be compliant with the requirements in point 4.2.3.6.7:

- for axle units: figures 9 and 10 of Annex B.4, and figure 18 of Annex H of UIC leaflet 430-1:2006.
- for bogie units: figure 18 of Annex H of UIC leaflet 430-1:2006.

Changeover between 1435 mm and 1524 mm track gauges

The technical solution described in Appendix 7 of UIC leaflet 430-3:1995 is deemed to be compliant with the requirements in point 4.2.3.6.7.

6.2.2.6. Thermal capacity

Calculations, simulations or tests shall demonstrate that the temperature of the brake block, brake pad or brake disc does not exceed their thermal capacity. The following shall be taken into account:

- (a) Concerning the emergency brake application: the critical combination of speed and payload considering straight and level track, minimum wind and dry rails
- (b) Concerning the continuous brake application:
 - the range up to the maximum braking power,
 - the range up to the maximum speed and

OTIF ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 41 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN		Date: 26.09.2012

the corresponding brake application time.

6.2.2.7. Environmental conditions

Steel materials are deemed to comply with all the ranges indicated in point 4.2.5 if the material properties are determined down to-20°C.

6.2.2.8. Fire safety

6.2.2.8.1. Barriers

Barriers shall be tested in accordance with EN1363-1:1999. Steel sheets of at least 2 mm thickness and aluminium sheets of at least 5 mm thickness are deemed to comply with the integrity requirements without testing.

6.2.2.8.2. Materials

Testing of the materials ignitability and flame spread properties shall be performed in accordance with ISO 5658-2:2006/Am1:2011 for which the limit value shall be CFE ≥ 18 kW/m2.

For the following materials and components the fire safety requirements are deemed to comply with the required ignitability and flame spread properties:

- Metals and alloys with inorganic coatings (such as, but not limited to: galvanized coating, anodic coating, chromate film, phosphate conversion coating).
- Metals and alloys with an organic coating with a nominal thickness less than
 0.3 mm (such as, but not limited to paints, plastic coating, asphaltic coating).
- Metals and alloys with a combined inorganic and organic coating of which the nominal thickness of the organic layer is less than 0.3 mm.
- Glass, stoneware, ceramic and natural stone products.
- Materials that meet the requirements of category C-s3, d2 or higher in accordance with EN 13501-1:2007+A1:2009.

6.2.2.8.3 Cables

The electrical cables shall be selected and installed in accordance with EN 50355:2003 and EN 50343:2003.

6.2.2.8.4 Flammable liquids

The measures taken shall be in accordance with TS 45545-7:2009.

6.2.3. Innovative solutions

If the subsystem "Rolling stock – freight wagons" includes an innovative solution

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 42 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

(as defined in section 4.2.1),

(as defined in section 4.1),

the applicant shall state the deviations from the relevant clauses of the

UTP, after which a Contracting State may (on behalf of the applicant) submit them to the OTIF Secretariat, which will bring it forward to the CTE for analysis.

TSI, and submit them to the Commission for analysis.

In case the analysis results in a favourable opinion, the appropriate functional and interface specifications as well as the assessment methods which are necessary to be included in the

UTP TS

in order to allow this solution will be developed.

The appropriate functional and interface specifications and the assessment methods so produced shall then be incorporated in the

UTP TS

by the revision process.

By the notification of a decision of the

Committee of Technical Experts,

Commission, taken in accordance with Article 29 of Directive 2008/57/EC,

the innovative solution may be permitted to be used.

6.3. Subsystem containing components corresponding to an IC not holding an declaration

Subsystem containing components corresponding to an interoperability constituents not holding an EC declaration

An Assessing Entity A Notified Body

is permitted to issue

a Design Type Certificate an EC certificate of verification

of a subsystem, even if one or more of the components corresponding to interoperability constituents incorporated within the subsystem are not covered by a relevant

declaration of conformity for ICs in EC declaration of conformity in

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 43 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

accordance with this UTP

(The separate assessment and certification of ICs from the subsystem is not mandatory in COTIF)

accordance with this TSI

(non certified ICs), in any of the following cases:

- (a) The constituent falls under the transition period as set out in Article 8;
- (b) The constituent was manufactured before the entry into force of this TSI and the type of constituent has been
 - used in a subsystem already approved, and
 - put in service in at least one Member State before the entry in force of this TSI.

The verification of the subsystem shall be carried out by the Assessing Entity

The EC verification of the subsystem shall be carried out by the Notified Body

against the requirements of Chapter 4 by using the corresponding requirements concerning assessment in Chapter 6 together with Chapter 7 except for specific cases. For this verification the modules of the subsystem, set out in point 6.2.2, apply.

EC declarations of conformity or suitability for use shall not be drawn up for the components assessed in this manner.

6.4. Project phases where assessment is required

The assessment shall cover the following two phases as identified by "X" in the table F.1 of Appendix F in this

UTP TSI

In particular, where a type test is identified the conditions and requirements of section 4.2 shall be considered.

- (c) Design and development phase:
 - Design review and/or design examination
 - Type test: test to verify the design, if and as defined in the section 4.2.

OTIF	AN IDOLLING STOCK			
	FREIGHT W	Page 44 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

(d) Production phase:

Routine test to verify the conformity of production. The entity in charge
of the assessment of the routine tests is determined according to the
assessment module chosen.

Appendix F is structured according to section 4.2. Where relevant, a reference to the points of sections 6.1 and 6.2 is given.

6.5. Elements of construction

Constituents holding an EC declaration of conformity

The applicant shall decide if the elements of construction (ICs) as defined in section 6.1.2.1 to 6.1.2.4 will be assessed in combination with the assessment of the subsystem, or that these ICs are assessed in a separate process as defined in section 6.1.

Where a constituent has been identified as an IC and held an EC declaration of conformity before the entry into force of this TSI, its treatment under this TSI is set out as follows:

- (a) In the case this constituent is not recognised as an IC in this TSI, neither the certificate nor the declaration are valid for the EC verification procedure related to this TSI.
- (b) The following ICs shall not require a new conformity assessment under this TSI until the expiry of the corresponding certificate or declaration:
 - Wheelset.
 - Wheel.
 - Axle.

The following ICs are permitted to be used in new vehicles without assessment at vehicle level, in case they have already been assessed as ICs and are covered by a valid certificate or declaration issued in compliance with the Wagons UTP A 94-02/3.2011:

- Wheelset.
- Wheel.
- Axle.

7. IMPLEMENTATION

7.1. Authorisation for placing in service

This

UTP TSI

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 45 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

is applicable to the subsystem "rolling stock - freight wagons" within the scope set out in its sections 1.1, 1.2 and Chapter 2 which are placed in service after the date of application of this

UTP. TSI.

7.1.1. Admission to operation of a new vehicle in conformity with the previous WAG UTP.

Authorisation for placing in service of a new vehicle in conformity with the previous WAG TSIs 9

New vehicles built in accordance with a design type certificate issued by the competent authority of a Contracting State established in accordance with the UTP WAG A 94-02/3.2011, shall be considered valid until the end of a transition period of three years after the entry into force of the present UTP.

See Article 9.

7.1.2. Mutual recognition of the first admission to operation

Mutual recognition of the first authorisation of placing in service

Vehicles for which the conditions as set out in letters a) to k) are fulfilled in their entirety shall not be subject to any additional admission to operation (*EU terminology: authorisation for placing into service*) in OTIF Contracting States, which are also EU Member States. These conditions shall be seen as complementary to the requirements in section 4.2.

In accordance with Article 23(1) of Directive 2008/57/EC the following list lays out the conditions under which a unit, once authorised for placing in service in one Member State, shall not be subject to any additional authorisation for placing in service. These conditions shall be seen as complementary to the requirements in section 4.2. These following conditions must be fulfilled in their entirety:

a) The running dynamic behaviour of the unit must have been assessed to the full range of track geometric qualities and all combinations of speed, curvature, cant deficiency set out in EN 14363:2005 (point 4.2.3.5.2). Alternatively the unit must be equipped with running gear, either certified or established, in accordance with point 6.1.2.1.

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Commission Decision 2006/861/EC (OJ L 344, 8.12.2006, p.1) and Commission Decision 2006/861/EC amended by Commission Decision 2009/107/EC (OJ L 45, 14.12.2009, p.1)

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 46 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

- b) The axle bearing condition must be possible to be monitored by line side detection equipment of the network the unit is intended to be operated on considering the conditions of clauses 4.2.3.4.
- c) The unit must not be equipped with variable gauge wheelsets (point 4.2.3.6.6).
- d) The unit must be equipped with forged and rolled wheels assessed according to point 6.1.2.3 a).
- e) The compliance/non-compliance with the requirements regarding the axle bearing condition monitoring by line side equipment as set out in point 7.3.2.2. a) must be recorded in the technical file.
- f) Units intended to operate on the 1668 mm track gauge network must comply with the requirements regarding the axle bearing condition monitoring by line side equipment as set out in point 7.3.2.2 b).
- g) The reference profile established for the unit as per point 4.2.3.1 must be allocated to one of the target reference profile(s) G1, GA, GB and GC including those used for the lower part GIC1 and GIC2.
- h) The unit must be compatible with the train detection systems based on track circuits, on axle counters and loop equipment as specified in clauses 4.2.3.3(a) and 4.2.3.3(b) and 4.2.3.3(c).
- i) The unit must be equipped with the manual coupling system in accordance with the prescriptions set out in Appendix C section 1 including the fulfilment of section 8 or with any semi-automatic or automatic standardised coupling system.
- j) The brake system must be in accordance with the conditions of Appendix C sections 9, 14 and 15 when applying the reference case set out in point 4.2.4.2. If the brake system requires brake blocks acting on the wheel tread, only the brake blocks listed in Appendix G shall be used.
- k) The unit must be marked with all applicable markings in accordance with EN 15877-1:2012, in particular with the marking on:
 - (i) the allocated interoperable gauge,
 - (ii) the vehicle tare weight,
 - (iii) the vehicle load table,
 - (iv) the length over buffers,
 - (v) the maintenance dates,
 - (vi) the lifting and re-railing signs,
 - (vii) the distance between the two end axles of the unit,
 - (viii) the distance between bogie centres,

OTIF ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 47 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN		Date: 26.09.2012

- (ix) the brake weight and
- (x) the track gauge(s) the unit is compatible with and was assessed for.

Vehicles which in addition to the conditions as set out in letters a) to k), also fulfil in their entirety the condition set out in letter I) to ...) shall not be subject to any additional admission to operation in any OTIF Contracting State. These conditions shall be seen as complementary to the requirements in section 4.2.



7.2. Substitution, renewal and upgrading

This section deals with

substitutions of

elements of Construction (ICs) as defined in Article 2(g) of ATMF, (Appendix G to the Convention)

constituents as referred to in Article 2(p) of Directive 2008/57/EC and

the renewal or upgrading of freight wagons, including the substitution of elements within a unit, in accordance with the conditions laid down in

to the Convention)

Article 10 § 11 of ATMF (Appendix G | Article 20 of Directive 2008/57/EC.

Concerning the substitution of constituents the following categories have to be considered.

- Certified ICs: Components which correspond to an IC in Chapter 5 and which are holding a certificate of conformity.
- Other components: Any component, which is not corresponding to an IC in Chapter 5.
- Non-certified ICs: Components which correspond to an IC in Chapter 5 but are not holding a certificate of conformity and which are produced before the expiry of the transitional period referred to in section 6.3.

Table 11 shows the possible permutations.

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG			
	FREIGHT W	Page 48 of 90			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN			

Table 11

7.2.1. Substitution permutation table

	substituted by				
	certified ICs	other components	non-certified ICs		
Certified ICs	check	not possible	check		
Other components	not possible	check	not possible		
Non-certified ICs	check	not possible	check		

The entity in charge of maintenance (ECM) may under its responsibility substitute a component by another one utilising the same function and performance in accordance with the relevant

UTP. TSI.

requirements considering these components are

- suitable, i.e. conform to the relevantUTP(s).TSI(s).
- used within its area of use,
- enabling interoperability,
- meeting the essential requirements and
- in line with restrictions eventually stated in the technical file.

When the extent of the work leads to a different function or performance or in case of a substitution of an element within the unit, the contracting entity or the manufacturer is required to send the

Contracting State(s) where the vehicle has first been permitted to operation, a file describing the project as set out in Article 10 § 11 of ATMF (Appendix G to the Convention).

The Contracting State(s) shall decide whether a new admission to operation is

Member State concerned a file describing the project as set out in Article 20 of Directive 2008/57/EC. The Member State decides whether a new authorisation for placing in service is needed.

OTIF	ROLLING S		UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT W	Page 49 of 90			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN			

needed.

7.3. Specific cases

7.3.1. Introduction

The specific cases, as listed in point 7.3.2, are classified as:

- "P" cases: "permanent" cases.
- "T" cases: "temporary" cases, where it is recommended that the target system is reached by 2020

(an objective set in Decision 2010/661/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7 July 2010 on Union guidelines for the development of the trans-European transport network 10).

7.3.2. List of specific cases

7.3.2.1. General specific cases

Specific cases for contracting States which are also EU Member States are those which are included in the WAG TSI.

(see section 7.3.2.1 of WAG TSI:2014)

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OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 50 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN			

Appendix A: Open Points

Certain technical aspects, corresponding to the essential requirements, which are not explicitly covered by the specifications, are open points. These are stipulated in sections 4.2 and 6.2 and listed in table A.1.

Table A.1
List of open points

Element of the Rolling Stock subsystem	Point	Technical aspect not covered by this TSI	Link to other subsystems to cover the open point
Axle bearing condition monitoring	4.2.3.4	Option on board equipment	Equipment not mandatory.
Test conditions for on- track tests as set out in the EN 14363 are not always fully achievable	6.2.2.3 (4.2.3.5.2)	track geometric quality and combinations of speed, curvature, cant deficiency (point 5.4.2 of EN 14363).	
Variable gauge wheelsets	4.2.3.6.6	Assessment concerning the following requirement: The changeover mechanism of the variable gauge wheelset shall ensure the safe locking in the correct intended axial position of the wheel and any brake equipment attached.	
Composite brake blocks in Appendix G	7.1.2 C.14	Assessment by a notified body	

OTIF ROLLING STOCK				UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT W	Page 51 of 90			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN			

Appendix B: Specific procedures for running dynamics

1. Specific assessment concerning running dynamic testing following EN 14363

1.1. Conditions for testing on one rail inclination

- The parameter equivalent conicity tan γe for tangent track and large radius curves shall be distributed so that tan γe = 0.2 ± 0.05 occurs in a range of the amplitude (y) of the wheelsets lateral displacement between +/-2 and +/-4 mm for a minimum of 50% of track sections.
- The instability criterion in EN14363:2005 shall be assessed for low-frequency body motions on at least two track sections with equivalent conicities less than 0.05 (mean value over the track sections).
- The instability criterion in EN14363:2005 shall be assessed on at least two track sections with equivalent conicities in accordance with table B.1.

Conditions for contact conditions in relation to on-track testing

Maximum vehicle speed	Equivalent conicity
60 km/h < V ≤ 140 km/h	≥0,50
140 km/h < V ≤ 200 km/h	≥0,40
200 km/h < V ≤ 230 km/h	≥0,35
230 km/h < V ≤ 250 km/h	≥0,30

1.2. Limit values for running safety

Table B.1

The limit values for running safety specified in clause 5.3.2.2 of EN 14363:2005 and for axle loads above 22.5 t in clause 5.3.2.2 of EN 15687:2010 shall be met and verified.

When the quotient of guiding force and wheel force (Y/Q) limit is exceeded, it is allowed to recalculate the Y/Q estimated maximum value in accordance with the following process:

- create an alternative test zone made up of all track sections with $300 \text{ m} \le R \le 500 \text{ m}$.
- for the statistical processing per section, use xi (97,5%) instead of xi (99,85%),
- for statistical processing per zone, replace k = 3 (when using one-dimensional method) or Student coefficient t (N - 2; 99%) (when using two-dimensional method) by Student coefficient t (N-2; 95%).

Both results (before and after recalculation) shall be reported.

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG			
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 52 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN			

1.3. Track loading limit values

The limit values for track loading specified in EN 14363:2005 clause 5.3.2.3 and for loads above 22.5 t in EN 15687:2010 clause 5.3.2.2 shall be met and verified when so required by the methodology of EN 14363:2005.

The quasi-static guiding force Y_{qst} limit value shall be evaluated for curve radii 250≤R<400 m.

The limit value shall be:

- $(Y_{ast})_{lim} = (30 + 10500/R_m) kN$
- $(Y_{qst})_{lim}$ = (33 + 11550/R_m) kN for the 1668 mm track gauge network,

where R_m = mean radius of the track sections retained for the evaluation.

When this limit value is exceeded due to high friction conditions, it is permitted to recalculate the estimated value of Y_{qst} on the zone after replacing the individual $(Y_{qst})_i$ values on the track sections "i" where $(Y/Q)_{ir}$ (mean value of Y/Q ratio on the inner rail over the section) exceeds 0,40 by: $(Y_{qst})_i$ - $50[(Y/Q)_{ir}$ - 0,4]. Both results (before and after recalculation) shall be reported.

The values of the Y_{qst} , Q_{qst} and mean curve radius (before and after recalculation) shall be recorded in the test report.

In case the Y_{qst} value exceeds the limit value expressed above, the operational performance of the unit (e.g. maximum speed) may be limited by the network, considering track characteristics (e.g. curve radius, cant, rail height).

OTIF				UTP WAG	
				Page 53 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN			

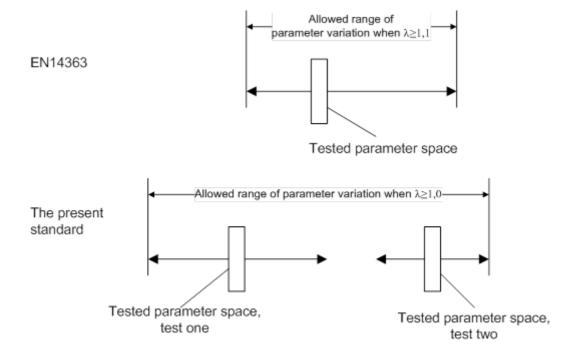
2. Qualification of running gear

Following successful testing the acceptable parameter variation range is given by the range between the nominal tested parameters extended as illustrated in figure B.2.

It is permitted to perform only one test and by doing so only validating the running gear for a limited range.

Fig. B.2

Parameter variation ranges for the acceptance after successful testing compared to the process in EN 14363:2005



2.1. Test extent

The tests shall be carried out in accordance with the complete procedure in chapter 5 of EN14363:2005, considering the specific procedures as set out in Appendix B.1.

Units with an axle load higher than 22,5 t up to 25t shall be tested in accordance with EN 15687:2010.

The tests shall be performed for the same intended operating conditions (vadm and ladm):

- One test with a wagon of short running gear distance.
- One test with a wagon of long running gear distance

Other values of body parameters shall be within the ranges defined in table B.3.

OTIF				UTP WAG	
				Page 54 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN			

Table B.3

Body parameters

		2-axle wagons		Bogie wagons	
		Short test wagon	Long test wagon	Short test wagon	Long test wagon
Distance between running gear	2a*[m] ^{a)}	≤7	≥ 9	≤ 7	≥ 13
Acceptable range of torsional coefficient of vehicle body	c_t^* [kNmm²/rad]	0,5 x10 ¹⁰ 8 x ²	10 ¹⁰		

a) 2a* is the distance between wheelsets for 2-axle wagons or the distance between bogies for bogie wagons and ct* is the vehicle body torsional stiffness coefficient.

Note 1: For the purposes of assessment of running behaviour a typical loading condition must be tested. It is not necessary to test the worst position of the centre of gravity.

In addition, two axle wagons for speeds \geq 100 km/h shall be tested in loaded condition also in sections of test zone 2 with clearances given by a gauge of \geq 1450 mm in combination with wheelsets having distances between active faces at the minimum operation limit.

If the design parameters and the operation parameters require the application of the normal measuring method, it is nevertheless acceptable to perform such tests with one of the vehicles based on measurements of lateral acceleration. In that case, it shall be demonstrated that a relationship exists between accelerations and the sum of the guiding forces on the vehicle tested according to the normal measuring method and a related limit value shall be established.

Note 2: This requirement is an extension of the application of the simplified measuring method, using information gathered with vehicle tested according to the normal measuring method.

Note 3: This requirement is intended to be transferred to the test conditions in EN 14363:2005.

2.2. Range of running gear parameters for dispensation from on-track tests

Following successful testing in accordance with Appendix B section 2.1 the acceptable parameter variation range for dispensation from on-track tests is given by the range between the nominal tested parameters of the running gear and the extended range as illustrated in figure B.2 and specified in tables B.4 and B.5.

All parameters given in these tables are nominal values. The upper limit of the acceptable range depends on the maximum tested value of the respective parameter, the lower limit on the minimum tested value.

OTIF	ALM I DOLLING STOCK				
	FREIGHT W	Page 55 of 90			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN			

In case of extension of the already applicable parameter range of a running gear, new tests shall be performed with parameters outside the previously tested range.

Table B.4

Accepted parameter ranges for a single axle running gear which was tested successfully in accordance with Appendix B section 2.1

Nominal parameter		Minimum Maximum		
Maximum axle load	Р	-	P _{tested}	
Vertical eigenfrequency	Vz	$0.9 \ v_z$ in load range	1.12 v _z in load range	
Vertical damping		Nominal characteristics of tested running gear		
Lateral and longitudinal suspension characteristics		Nominal characteristics of tested running gear		
Distance between centres of axle bearings (suspension base)	2bz	2b _{z, tested} -100 mm		
Wheel diameter	D	Diameter of tested application D _{tested} –90 mm	Diameter of tested application D _{tested} +90 mm	

Table B.5

Accepted parameter ranges for a bogie which was tested successfully in accordance with Appendix B section2.1

Nominal parameter		Minimum Maximum		
Maximum axle load	P _{max}	-	1,05 · P _{max,tested}	
Bogie axle distance (between outer axles of the bogie)	2a⁺	2a ⁺ _{tested}	2a ⁺ _{tested} + 0,2 m	
Vertical eigenfrequency (see Appendix C)	V _z	0,90 · v _{z,tested} in full range between empty and loaded conditions	1,12 v _{z,tested} in full range between empty and loaded conditions	
Vertical Damping		Nominal characteristics of tested running gear		
Axle guiding longitudinal		Nominal characteristics of tested running gear		
Axle guiding lateral		Nominal characteristics of tested running gear		
Lateral secondary suspcharacteristics		Nominal characteristics of teste	ed running gear	

OTIF	UTP WAG			
	FREIGHT W	Page 56 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Distance between centres of axle bearings (suspension base)	2bz	707 Jesieo - 100 mm		2bz, tested +170 mm
Yaw resistance of bogie ^{a)}	M [*] z	0,80 · M [*] z,tested	1,20 · M _{z,test}	ted
Moment of inertia of whole bogie (around z-axis)	ľ _{zz}	-	1,10 I [*] _{zz,test}	ed
Wheel diameter	D	D _{tested} –90 mm	D _{tested} +90 mm	
Nominal height of centre pivot	h _{cp}	h _{cP,tested} – 150 mm	h _{cP,tested} + 50 mm	

a) for a friction based yaw resistance torque measured at two specified loads typical for empty and loaded condition. For other systems, appropriate parameters must be used to control stability and safety against derailment in empty condition and maximum guiding force in loaded conditions.

2.3 Range of vehicle body parameters for dispensation from on-track tests

Following successful testing according to Appendix B section 2.1 the acceptable parameter variation range for a dispensation from on-track tests is given by the range between the nominal tested parameters of the vehicle body and the extended range where applicable as specified in table B.5. All parameters given in this table are nominal values. The upper limit of the acceptable range depends on the maximum tested value of the respective parameter, the lower limit on the minimum tested value.

To extend the applicable vehicle parameter range of a standardised running gear, test results of a third tested vehicle outside the previously tested range shall be used.

Table B.6

Accepted parameter range for vehicles (including articulated wagons and permanently coupled units) equipped with a running gear which was tested successfully according to Appendix B section 2.1

OTIF	UTP WAG			
	FREIGHT W	Page 57 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Nominal parameter		Minimum	Maximum
Distance between wheelsets (non bogie vehicles)	2a [*]	Lowest value of either 6 m or 2a tested	Highest value of either 10 m or 2a _{tested}
Distance between centres bogies (bogie vehicles)	2a [*]	Lowest value of either 6,5 m or 2a tested	2a [*] _{tested} + 3m
Centre of gravity height of empty wagon	h _{cg}	-	1,2 · h _{cg,empty,tested, max}
Coefficient of height of centre of gravity - loaded vehicle a)		-	loaded,tested,max x (1+0,8('-1)) with ' – factor for track loading parameters.
Torsional coefficient per vehicle body	C _t *	> 0,5 10 ¹⁰ kNmm²/rad	' -
Mean axle load of the tare unit (non-bogie wagon)	P _{mean,tare}	Smallest value of either 5,75 t or P _{mean,tare,tested}	-
Mean axle load of the tare unit (bogie wagon)	P _{mean,tare}	Smallest value of either 4 t or P _{mean,tare,tested}	-
Maximum axle load	Р	-	1,05 · P _{tested}
Mass distrib. coefficient (empty and loaded vehicle)		-	1,2 · tested
a) for evaluation of use mm for axle loads> 229	admissible admissible kN and u	e cant deficiency ladm of 130 mm f	or axle loads ≤ 225 kN and 100

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 58 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Appendix C: Additional optional conditions

The compliance with the following set of conditions C.1 to C.18 is optional. If the applicant selects this option, a notified body has to assess the compliance within the

EC

verification procedure.

1. Manual coupling system

The manual coupling system shall comply with the following requirements:

- The screw coupling system excluding the draw hook shall comply with the requirements related to freight wagons of EN15566:2009+A1:2010 except clause 4.4,
- The draw hook shall comply with the requirements related to freight wagons of EN15566:2009+A1:2010 except clause 4.4 and except the dimension "a" in Annex A Figure A.1 which shall be treated as informative.
- The draw hook shall be located at a height between 920 and 1045 mm above rail level in all loading and wear conditions.
- The centreline of the draw hook shall be located within a range of 0 to 20mm below the buffing centre.
- The clearance for the draw hook shall be in accordance with chapter 2 of ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-04/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012 published on the ERA website (http://www.era.europa.eu).
- The buffer shall comply with the requirements related to freight wagons of EN15551:2009+A1:2010.
- The buffing centre line shall be located at a height between 940 and 1065 mm above rail level in all loading and wear conditions.
- There shall be no fixed parts within 40 mm of a vertical plane placed at the end of the fully compressed buffers.
- The space for shunting staff operation shall be in accordance with chapter 3 of ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-04/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012 published on the ERA website (http://www.era.europa.eu).
- Where a combined automatic and screw coupler is fitted, it is permissible for the auto coupler head to infringe the space specified above for shunting staff on the left hand side when it is stowed and the screw coupler is in use. In this case the marking in figure 75 of EN15877-1:2012 is mandatory.

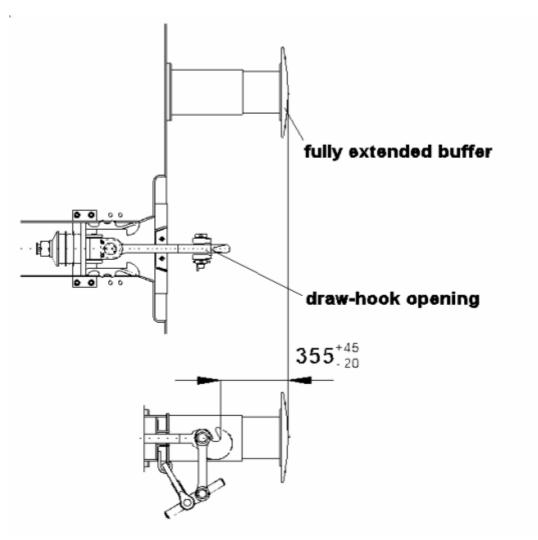
Interaction of buffers and draw gear

OTIF	UTP WAG			
	FREIGHT W	Page 59 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

- The characteristics of the buffers and draw gear shall be designed in order to enable the safe transit of curves in the track with a radius of 150 m. Two units with bogies coupled on straight track with touching buffers shall generate compressive forces not higher than 250 kN on a 150 m radius curve. There is no requirement specified for two axle units.
- The distance between the front edge of a draw-hook opening and the front side of the fully extended buffers shall be 355 mm +45/-20 mm in the new condition as shown in Figure C.1:

Fig. C.1

Configuration of buffers and draw gear



Units designed for 1435 mm and 1520 mm or 1435 mm and 1524 mm, or 1435 mm and 1668 mm gauge network(s), equipped with manual coupling and "UIC" pneumatic brake system, shall be compatible with both,

the interface requirements for "End Coupling" mentioned before, and

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 60 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

specific buffer layouts related to broad gauge networks.

In order to provide this full compatibility, it is permitted to have a different value of the distance between buffer centrelines, 1790 mm (Finland) and 1850 mm (Portugal and Spain) taking into account clause 6.2.3.1 of EN 15551:2009+A1:2010.

2. UIC footsteps and handrails

The unit shall be equipped with footsteps and handrails in accordance with chapter 4 of ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-04/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012 published on the ERA website (http://www.era.europa.eu).

3. Ability to be hump shunted

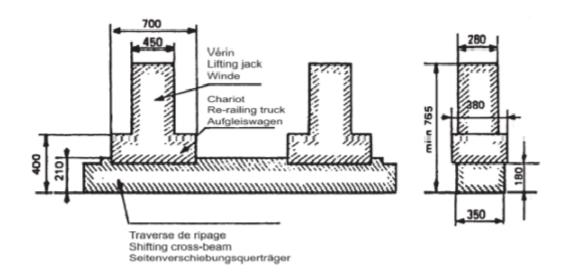
In addition to the requirements of point 4.2.2.2 the unit shall be assessed in accordance with clause 8 of EN 12663-2:2010 and classified in Category F I in accordance with clause 5.1 of EN 12663-2:2010 with the following exception: for units designed to carry motor vehicles or combined transport units without long stroke shock absorbers the Category F-II may be used. The requirements concerning the buffing tests in clause 8.2.5.1 of EN 12663-2:2010 apply.

4. Free space under lifting points

The unit shall comply with figure C.2 on the free space under the re-railing places for rerailing:

Fig. C.2

Free spaces under rerailing places



5. Marking of units

Markings of EN 15877-1:2012 are required where applicable. The following are always applicable:

OTIF	ROLLING S	TOCK	OCK	
	FREIGHT W	Page 61 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

4.5.2	Gauge marking
4.5.3	Vehicle Tare Weight
4.5.4	Vehicle load table
4.5.5	Sign for length over buffers
4.5.12	Table of Maintenance dates
4.5.14	Lifting and re-railing signs
4.5.23	Distances between end axles and bogie centres
4.5.29	Brake weight

Units compliant with all requirements set out in section 4.2, fulfilling all conditions set out in point 7.1.2 and all conditions set out in Appendix C may receive the marking "GE".

Units compliant with all requirements set out in section 4.2, fulfilling all conditions in point 7.1.2 and the conditions set out in Appendix C but not those set out in Appendix C sections 3 and/or 6 and/or 7.b may receive the marking "CW".

If the additional marking is used, it shall be inscribed on the unit as outlined in figure C.3.

Fig. C.3

The additional markings "GE" and "CW"



The letters shall be of the same font type as the TEN marking. The size of the letters shall be at least 100 mm high. The outer measures of the frame shall be at least 275 mm wide and 140 mm high, the frame shall be 7 mm thick.

The marking shall be located on the right hand side of the area containing the European Vehicle Number and the TEN marking.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 62 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

6. G1 gauge

The reference contour with which the unit complies with shall be G1 and GI1 determined as defined in point 4.2.3.1.

7. Compliance with core TSI regarding train detection systems

- (a) The unit shall be compatible with the train detection systems based on track circuits, on axle counters and on loop equipment as specified in clauses 4.2.3.3(a), 4.2.3.3(b) and 4.2.3.3(c).
- (b) The distance between two adjacent axles of the unit shall not exceed 17500 mm.

8. Tests concerning longitudinal compressive forces

The verification of safe running under longitudinal compressive forces shall be in accordance with EN 15839:2012.

9. UIC brake

The brake system shall be compatible with vehicles equipped with UIC approved brake systems. The brake system of a unit is compatible with the UIC brake system if it fulfils the following requirements:

- (a) The unit shall be equipped with a pneumatic brake pipe with an inner diameter of 32 mm.
- (b) Brake modes have different brake application and release times and specific brake weight percentage.
- (c) Every unit shall be fitted with a brake system having at least brake modes G and P. The brake modes G and P shall be assessed in accordance with UIC 540:2006.
- (d) The minimum braking performance for brake-modes G and P shall be in accordance with table C.3.
- (e) If a unit is equipped with a brake system having in addition further brake modes the assessment procedure as described in point 4.2.4.3.2.1 shall be carried out for these additional brake modes. The brake application time of the P brake mode in accordance with UIC 540:2006 are also valid for further brake modes.
- (f) The energy storage has to be designed in such way that after a brake application with the maximum brake cylinder pressure and the maximum unit specific brake cylinder stroke at any load state the pressure in the auxiliary reservoir must be at least 0,3 bar more than the brake cylinder pressure without the addition of any further energy. Details for standardised air reservoirs are set out in EN 286-3:1994 (steel) and EN 286-4:1994 (aluminium).

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 63 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN I		Date: 26.09.2012	

- (g) The pneumatic energy of the brake system shall not be used for other applications different than those related to braking purposes.
- (h) The distributor and distributor isolating device shall be in accordance with EN 15355:2008+A1:2010. At least one distributor shall be installed per 31m unit length.
- (i) The pneumatic half coupling:
 - (i) The interface of the brake pipe shall be in accordance with EN 15807:2011.
 - (ii) The opening of the automatic air brake coupling head shall face the left when looking at the end of the vehicle.
 - (iii) The opening of the main reservoir coupling head shall face the right when looking at the end of the unit.
 - (iv) The end cocks shall be in accordance with EN 14601:2005+A1:2010.
- (j) The brake mode switching device shall be in accordance with UIC 541-1:2010 Appendix E.
- (k) Brake block holders shall be in accordance with UIC leaflet 542:2010.
- (I) If the brake system requires brake blocks acting on the wheel tread, only the brake blocks listed in Appendix G shall be used.
- (m) Slack adjusters shall be in accordance with ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-05/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012 published on the ERA website (http://www.era.europa.eu).
- (n) If the unit is equipped with a wheel slide protection system (WSP) it shall be in accordance with EN 15595:2009+A1:2011.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 64 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Table C.3

Minimum braking performance for brake modes G and P

		pment		Requirement for running speed at 100km/h		Requirement for runnii	ng speed at 120km/h
Braking mode	unit type	Command Equipment	Load status	Maximum braking distance	Minimum braking distance	Maximum braking distance	Minimum braking distance
	All	All	Empty	$S_{max} = 480m$ $\lambda_{min} = 100\%$ (1) $a_{min} = 0.91 \text{m/s}^2$ (1)	$S_{min} = 390m,$ $\lambda_{max} = 125\%, (130\%)^*,$ $a_{max} = 1,15m/s^2$	$S_{max} = 700m$ $\lambda_{min} = 100\%$ $a_{min} = 0,88m/s^2$	S_{min} =580m, λ_{max} = 125%, (130%)*, a_{max} = 1,08m/s ²
			Inter-mediate	$S_{max} = 810m$ $\lambda_{min} = 55\%$ $a_{min} = 0,51m/s^2$	S_{min} = 390m, λ_{max} = 125%, a_{max} =1,15m/s ²		
	"S1" ⁽²⁾	Changeover ⁽⁹⁾	Loaded	$S_{max} = 700m$ $\lambda_{min} = 65 \%$ $a_{min} = 0,60 \text{m/s}^2$	S_{min} = Max [(S = 480m, λ_{max} =100%, a_{max} =0,91m/s ²), (S obtained with a mean retardation force of 16,5 kN per axle)] ⁽⁵⁾		
	"S2" ⁽³⁾	Variable load Relay ⁽¹⁰⁾	Loaded	$S_{max} = 700m$ $\lambda_{min} = 65 \%$ $a_{min} = 0,60 \text{m/s}^2$	S_{min} = Max [(S = 480m, λ_{max} =100 %, a_{max} = 0,91m/s ²), (S obtained with a mean retardation force of 16,5 kN per axle)] ⁽⁶⁾		
Braking mode "P"	"SS" ⁽⁴⁾	Variable load Relay ⁽¹⁰⁾	Loaded (18t per axle for brake blocks)			$S_{max}^{(8)} = Max [S = 700m, a_{max} = 0,88m/s^2), (S obtaretardation force of 16kN)$	nined with a mean
Braking mode "G"					There shall be no separate assessment of the braking performance of units in position G. A unit's braked weight in position G is the result of the braked weight in position P (see UIC 544-1:2012)		

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 65 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN I		Date: 26.09.2012	

*only for two stage load brake (changeover command) and P10 (cast iron blocks with 10 % phosphor)- or LL-brake blocks

- (1) "a" = $((Speed (Km/h))/3,6)^2)/(2x(S-((Te)x(Speed (Km/h)/3,6))))$, with Te=2sec. Distance calculation EN 14531-1:2005 section 5.11
- (2) a unit "S1" is a unit with empty/load device. Maximum load per axle is 22,5 t.
- (3) a unit "S2" is a unit with a variable load relay. Maximum load per axle is 22,5 t.
- (4) a unit "SS" shall be equipped with a variable load relay. Maximum load per axle is 22.5 t.
- (5) The maximum mean retardation force admitted (for running speed at 100km/h) is 18x0,91 = 16,5 kN/axle. This value comes from the maximum braking energy input permitted on a clasp braked wheel with a nominal new diameter in the range of [920 mm; 1 000 mm] during braking (the brake weight shall be limited to 18 tonnes/axle).
- (6) The maximum mean retardation force admitted (for running speed at 100km/h) is 18x0,91 = 16,5 kN/axle. This value comes from the maximum braking energy input permitted on a clasp braked wheel with a nominal new diameter in the range of [920 mm; 1 000 mm] during braking (the brake weight shall be limited to 18 tonnes/axle). Usually a unit, with V max = 100 km/h and fitted with a variable relay is designed to obtain λ = 100% up to 14.5 t/axle.
- (7) The maximum mean retardation force admitted (for running speed at 120km/h) is 18x0,88 = 16 kN/axle. This value comes from the maximum braking energy input permitted on a clasp braked wheel with a nominal new diameter in the range of [920 mm; 1 000 mm] during braking (the brake weight shall be limited to 18 tonnes). The mass/axle is limited to 20 t/axle and the corresponding λ is 90%. If it is required $\lambda > 100\%$ with mass/axle > 18 t then it is necessary to consider another kind of brake.
- (8) λ must not exceed 125%, considering for brake only on wheels (brake blocks), the maximum mean retardation force admitted of 16 kN/axle (for running speed at 120km/h).
- (9) Changeover in accordance with EN 15624:2008+A1:2010.
- (10) Variable load relay in accordance with EN 15611:2008+A1:2010 in combination with variable load sensing device in accordance with EN 15625:2008+A1:2010.

10. Location of parking brake handles

If a unit is equipped with a parking brake the location of its operating handle or operating wheel shall be:

on both sides of the unit if it is operated from the ground or

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 66 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN I		Date: 26.09.2012	

on a platform, that can be accessed from both sides of the unit.

The operation from the ground shall be done by wheel.

11. Temperature ranges for air reservoirs, hoses and grease

The following requirements are deemed to comply with the range T1 indicated in point 4.2.5.

- Air reservoirs shall be designed for the temperature range of -40°C to +100°C.
- Brake cylinders and brake couplings shall be designed for the temperature range of -40°C to +70°C.
- Hoses for air brakes and air supply shall be specified for the temperatures range -40°C to +70°C.
- The grease for the lubrication of roller bearing shall be specified for ambient temperatures down to -20°C.

12. Welding

Welding shall be carried out in accordance with EN 15085-1-5:2007.

13. Track gauge

The unit shall be compatible with the 1435 mm track gauge.

14. Specific brake thermal capacity

The brake system shall resist a thermal load equivalent to the suggested reference case in point 4.2.4.3.3.

Concerning the use of wheel tread brake systems this condition is deemed to be fulfilled, if the brake block

- is listed in Appendix G and
- is used within its area of use as described in Appendix G

and if the wheel

- is assessed in accordance with point 6.1.2.3 and
- fulfils the conditions of section 15 of Appendix C.

15. Specific product properties concerning the wheel

The wheels shall be in accordance with EN 13262: 2004+A1:2008+A2:2011 and EN 13979-1:2003+A1:2009+A2:2011. The thermal mechanical type test required in

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 67 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN I		Date: 26.09.2012	

point 6.1.2.3 shall be carried out in accordance with table C.4 when the complete brake system is acting directly on the wheel tread.

Table C.4

Conditions for the thermal mechanical type test

Wheel diameter range [mm]	1000 - 920	920 - 840	840 - 760	760 - 680
Standard power value	50 kW	50 kW	42,5 kW	38 kW
Application time	45 min	45 min	45 min	45 min
Running speed	60 km/h	60 km/h	60 km/h	60 km/h

16. Tow hooks

Units shall be provided with tow hooks, each one being fixed to the side of the unit underframe in accordance with clause 1.4 of UIC 535-2:2006.

17. Protective devices on protruding parts

To ensure the safety of staff, protruding (e.g. angular or pointed) parts of the unit located up to 2 m above rail level or above passageways, working surfaces or tow hooks which are liable to cause accidents, shall be fitted with protective devices as described in clause 1.3 of UIC 535-2:2006

18. Label holders and attachment devices for rear end signal

All units shall be equipped with a label holder in accordance with clause 1 of UIC 575:1995 and at both ends with attachment devices as set out in point 4.2.6.3.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 68 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00 Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012 Original: EN		Date: 26.09.2012	

Appendix D: Standards or normative documents referred to in this TSI

TSI	SI		
Characteristics to be assessed		References to mandatory Standard	Clauses
Structure and mechanical part	4.2.2		
Strength of unit	4.2.2.2	EN12663-2:2010	5
Strength of unit		EN 15877-1:2012	4.5.13
	6.2.2.1	EN12663-2:2010	6, 7
Vehicle track interaction and gauging	4.2.3		
Gauging	4.2.3.1	EN 15273-2:2009	all
Compatibility with load carrying capacity of lines	4.2.3.2	EN 15528:2008	6.1, 6.2
Axle bearing condition monitoring	4.2.3.4	EN 15437-1:2009	5.1, 5.2
	4.2.3.5.1	-	_
Safety against derailment running on twisted track	6.2.2.2	EN 14363:2005	4.1
	0.2.2.2	EN 15839:2012	4.2
	4.2.3.5.2	EN 14363:2005	5
	6.2.2.3	EN 14363:2005	5
Running dynamic behaviour		EN 15687:2010	5.3.2.2
		EN 15827:2011	9.3
	6.1.2.1	Content of prEN 16235 included in Appendix B of this TSI	all
	4.2.3.6	-	-
Running gear		EN 13749:2011	6.2
	6.1.2. 1	Content of prEN 16235 included in Appendix B of this TSI	all
Structural design of hoois from	4.2.3.6.1	EN 13749:2011	6.2
Structural design of bogie frame	6.1.2. 1	EN 13749:2011	6.2
Characteristics of wheelsets	4.2.3.6.2	-	-
Characteristics of wheelsets	6.1.2. 2	EN 13260:2009+A1:2010	3.2.1

OTIF				UTP WAG
				Page 69 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

TSI	SI		Standard		
Characteristics to be assessed		References to mandatory Standard	Clauses		
Oh ara staristica of culturals	4.2.3.6.3	-	-		
Characteristics of wheels	6.1.2.3	EN 13979-1:2003+A1:2009 +A2:2011	7, 6.2		
Characteristics of axles	4.2.3.6.4	-	-		
Characteristics of axies	6.1.2. 4	EN 13103:2009	4, 5, 6, 7		
Aula hausa / haaringa	4.2.3.6.5	-	-		
Axle boxes / bearings	6.2.2.4	EN 12082:2007+A1:2010	6		
	4.2.3.6.7	-	-		
Running gear for manual change of wheelsets	6.2.2.5	UIC 430-1:2006	Ann. B, H		
	0.2.2.5	UIC 430-3:1995	Ann. 7		
Brake	4.2.4				
In comice basis	4.2.4.3.2.1	EN 14531-6:2009	all		
In-service brake		UIC 544-1:2012	all		
Dayling hyaka	404000	EN 14531-6:2009	6		
Parking brake	4.2.4.3.2.2	EN 15877-1:2012	4.5.25		
Environmental conditions	4.2.5				
	4.2.5	EN 50125-1:1999	4.7		
Environmental conditions	6.2.2.7	-	-		
System protection	4.2.6				
E	4.2.6.1.2.1	-	-		
Fire safety - barriers	6.2.2.8.1	EN 1363-1:1999	all		
	4.2.6.1.2.2	-	-		
Fire safety - materials	6.2.2.8.2	ISO 5658-2:2006/Am1:2011 EN 13501-1:2007+A1:2009	all all		
		EN 50355:2003	all		
Fire safety - cables	6.2.2.8.3	EN 50343:2003	all		

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 70 of 90
Status: DRAFT Version: 00		Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

TSI		Standard	
Characteristics to be assessed		References to mandatory Standard	Clauses
Fire safety	6.2.2.8.4	TS 45545-7:2009	all
Protection against el. hazard – indirect contact	4.2.6.2.2.1	EN 50153:2002	6.4
Protection against el. hazard – direct contact	4.2.6.2.2.2	EN 50153:2002	5
Attachment devices for rear-end signals	4.2.6.3	ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-04/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012	Chapter 1

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK		UTP WAG	
	FREIGHT WAGONS			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Additional optional conditions for units App. C Standard / UIC leaflet			
		EN 15566:2009+A1:2010	all
Manual coupling system		EN 15551:2009+A1:2010	6.2, 6.3.2
Wandar coupling system	C.1	ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-04/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012	Chapters 2 and 3
		EN15877-1:2012	Figure 75
UIC footsteps and handrails	C.2	ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-04/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012	Chapter 4
Ability to be hump shunted	C.3	EN 12663-2:2010	5, 8
Marking of units (RIV)	C.5	EN15877-1:2012	all
Tests concerning long. compressive forces	C.8	EN 15839:2012	all
		EN 15355:2008+A1:2010	all
		EN 15611:2008+A1:2010	all
		UIC 540:2006	all
		EN 14531-1:2005	5.11
		EN 15624:2008+A1:2010	all
		EN 15625:2008+A1:2010	all
		EN 286-3:1994	all
UIC brake	C.9	EN 286-4:1994	all
		EN 15807:2011	all
		EN 14601:2005+A1:2010	all
		UIC 541-1:2010	Ann. E
		UIC leaflet 542:2010	all
		ERA technical document ERA/TD/2012-05/INT version 1.0 of 04.06.2012	all
		EN 15595:2009+A1:2011	all
Welding	C.12	EN 15085-1-5:2007	all

OTIF				UTP WAG	
FREIGHT WAGONS				Page 72 of 90	
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012	

Specific product properties concerning the wheel	C.15	EN 13262:_2004 +A1:2008+A2:2011	all
		EN 13979-1:2003 +A1:2009+A2:2011	all
Tow hooks	C.16	UIC 535-2:2006	1.4
Protective devices on protruding parts	C.17	UIC 535-2:2006	1.3
Lable holders and attachment devices for rear end signal	C.18	UIC 575:1995	1

Empty line

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 73 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Appendix E: Rear-end signal

1. Lamps

The colour of tail lamps shall be in accordance with clause 5.5.3 of EN 15153-1:2010.

The lamp shall display a luminous area of at least 170 mm diameter. The reflector system shall be designed to display a lighting strength of at least 15 candela of red light along the axis of the lighting surface for an angle of opening of 15° horizontally and 5° vertically. The intensity must be at least 7.5 candela of red light.

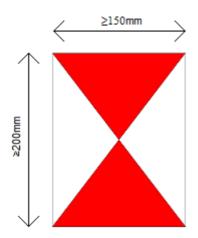
The lamp shall be suitable to be attached to units complying with the attachment devices and the clearance set out in point 4.2.6.3. The lamp shall be equipped with:

- a switch (on/off)
- a warning light which indicates the battery status.

2. Reflective plates

The reflective plates shall be suitable to be attached to units complying with the attachment devices and the clearance set out in point 4.2.6.3. The reflective section of the plates shall be at least 150 by at least 200 mm as illustrated in figure E.1. The side triangles shall be white, the top and the bottom triangles shall be red. The plate shall be retro-reflective in accordance with EN 12899-1:2007 Class Ref. 2.

Fig. E.1
Reflective plate



OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT W	Page 74 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Appendix F: Assessment assigned to the production phases

Table F.1
Assessment assigned to the production phases

Characteristics to be assessed, as specified in section 4.2	Design and development phase		Productio n phase	Particular assessment	
·		Design review	Type Test	Routine Test	procedure
Element of the Rolling Stock subsystem	Point				Point
Structure and mechanical part	4.2.2				
End coupling	4.2.2.1.1	Χ	n.a.	n.a.	-
Inner coupling	4.2.2.1.2	Χ	n.a.	n.a.	-
Strength of unit	4.2.2.2	Χ	X	n.a.	6.2.2.1
Integrity of the unit	4.2.2.3	Χ	n.a.	n.a.	-
Vehicle track interaction and				•	
gauging	4.2.3				
Gauging	4.2.3.1	Χ	n.a.	n.a.	-
Compatibility with load carrying capacity of lines	4.2.3.2	Х	Х	n.a	-
Compatibility with train detection systems	4.2.3.3	Х	Х	n.a	-
Axle bearing condition monitoring	4.2.3.4	Χ	Х	n.a.	_
Safety against derailment running on twisted track	4.2.3.5.1	X	X	n.a.	6.2.2.2
Running dynamic behaviour	4.2.3.5.2	Χ	Х	n.a.	6.1.2.1 / 6.2.2.3
Structural design of bogie frame	4.2.3.6.1	X	X.	n.a.	6.1.2.1
Characteristics of wheelsets	4.2.3.6.2	X	X	X	6.1.2.2
Characteristics of wheels	4.2.3.6.3	X	X	X	6.1.2.3
Characteristics of axles	4.2.3.6.4	X	X	X	6.1.2.4
Axle boxes / bearings	4.2.3.6.5	X	X	X	6.2.2.4
Variable gauge wheelsets	4.2.3.6.6	open	open	open	open
Running gear for manual change of wheelsets	4.2.3.6.7	Х	X	n.a.	6.2.2.5
Brake	4.2.4		l		1
Safety requirements	4.2.4.2	Χ	n.a	n.a	_
Functional and technical requirements	4.2.4.3	X	X	n.a	-
In-service brake	4.2.4.3.2.	X	X	n.a.	-
Parking brake	4.2.4.3.2.	Х	n.a	n.a	-
Thermal capacity	4.2.4.3.3	Χ	Χ	n.a	6.2.2.6
Wheel slide protection (WSP)	4.2.4.3.4	Χ	Χ	n.a	-
Environmental conditions	4.2.5				
Environmental conditions	4.2.5	Х	n.a. /X ⁽¹⁾	n.a.	6.2.2.7
(1) Type test if and as defined by the ap			•	•	•
System protection	4.2.6				
Fire safety	4.2.6.1	Х	Х	n.a	6.2.2.8
Protection against electric hazard	4.2.6.2	Χ	Х	n.a	-

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
				Page 75 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Characteristics to be assessed, as specified in section 4.2	Design an developme phase Design review		Productio n phase Routine Test	Particular assessment procedure	
Attachment devices for rear end signal	4.2.6.3	Х	Х	n.a	-

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OTIF	UTP WAG			
	FREIGHT W	Page 76 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11 EU ref.

PART PPa:

Appendix Pa

PPa.0 GENERAL REMARKS

PPa.0.1 THIS ANNEX DESCRIBES

the vehicle number and linked marking applied in a visible manner on the vehicle to identify it uniquely and in a permanent manner during operation. It does not describe other numbers or markings possibly engraved or fixed in a permanent manner on the chassis or the main components of the vehicle during its construction.

These other markings are included in Annex B.

Note: This part PPa is an adapted extract of TSI OPE Appendix Pa. It contains the provisions applicable to freight wagons. Some tables include information concerning other types of railway vehicles; such information shall not be considered as regulations applicable in accordance with this Annex.

PPa.02 STANDARD NUMBER AND LINKED ABBREVIATIONS

Each railway vehicle receives a number consisting of 12 digits (figures) called "standard number" with the following structure:

Rolling stock group	Interoperability capability and vehicle type [2 digits]	Country in which the vehicle is registered [2 digits]	Technical characteristics [4 digits]	Serial number [3 digits]	Check digit [1 digit]
Wagons	00 to 09 10 to 19 20 to 29 30 to 39 40 to 49 80 to 89 [details in PPa.6]	01 to 99 [details in PPa.4]	0000 to 9999 [details in PPa.9]	000 to 999	0 to 9 [details in PPa.3]
Hauled passenger	50 to 59 60 to 69	01 to 99 [details in	0000 to 9999	000 to 999	0 to 9 [details in PPa.3]
vehicles	70 to 79		PPa.10]		

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¹¹ Appendix Pa of TSI OPE (Operations and traffic management) – Commission Decision 2010/640/EU published in the EU Official Journal L280 on 26.10.2010 – as amended by Commission Decision 2011/314/EU published in the EU Official Journal L144 on 31.05.2011.

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 77 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

OTIF UTF

F	·		Corresponding text in EU regulations 11			lations ¹¹	EU ref.
		[details in PPa.7]					
	Tractive rolling stock and units in a trainset in fixed or pre- defined formation	90 to 99 [details in PPa.8]		defined by the States, eventual	these figures is		
	Special vehicles			9000 to 9999 [details in PPa.11]	000 to 999		

In a given country, the 7 digits of technical characteristics and serial number are sufficient to identify uniquely a vehicle inside the groups of hauled passenger vehicles and special vehicles 12.

Alphabetical markings complete the number:

- (a) markings linked to the interoperability ability (details in section PPa.5);
- (b) abbreviation of the country in which the vehicle is registered (details in section PPa.4);
- (c) Vehicle Keeper Marking ¹³ (details in section PPa.1);
- (d) abbreviations of the technical characteristics (details in section section PPa.12 for wagons).

PPa.03 **ALLOCATION OF NUMBER**

The unique Standard Number shall be The European Vehicle Number has to be allocated according to the rules laid down in allocated according to the rules laid down Article 14 § 1 of ATMF.

in Commission Decision 2007/756/EC.

The

Standard Number

European Vehicle Number

shall be changed when it does not reflect the interoperability capability or technical characteristics according to this Annex due to technical modifications of the vehicle. Such technical modifications may require a new

technical admission.

authorisation for placing in service according to Articles 20-25 Interoperability Directive 2008/57/EC.

¹² For special vehicles, the number has to be unique in a given country with the first digit and the five last digits of the technical characteristics and serial number.

A vehicle keeper is the person, who, being the owner or having the right of disposal over it, exploits a vehicle economically in a permanent manner as a means of transport and is registered as such in the National Vehicle Register.

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 78 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11

PPa.1 VEHICLE KEEPER MARKING (VKM)

Part 1

EU ref.

PPa.1.1 DEFINITION OF THE VEHICLE KEEPER MARKING

A Vehicle Keeper Marking (VKM) is an alphabetic code, consisting of 2 to 5 letters ¹⁴. A VKM is inscribed on each side of the rail vehicle, near the

Standard Number.

European Vehicle Number.

The VKM identifies the vehicle keeper as registered in a National Vehicle Register.

A VKM is unique and valid in all countries covered by

UTP WAG (i.e. the OTIF Contracting States) this TSI (OPE)

and all countries that enter into an agreement that involves the application of the system of vehicle numbering and Vehicle Keeper Marking as described in

this Annex PP.

TSI (OPE).

PPa.1.2 FORMAT OF THE VEHICLE KEEPER MARKING

The VKM is a representation of the full name or an abbreviation of the vehicle keeper, if possible in a recognisable manner. All 26 letters of the Latina alphabet may be used. The letters in the VKM are written in capitals. Letters that do not stand for first letters of words in the keeper's name may be written in lower case. For checking uniqueness, the letters written in lower case will be taken as written in capitals.

Letters may contain diacritical signs ¹⁵. Diacritical signs used by these letters are ignored for checking uniqueness.

For vehicles kept by keepers that reside in a country that does not use the Latin alphabet, a translation letter by letter of the VKM in its own alphabet may be applied behind the VKM separated from it by a slash-sign ("/"). This translated VKM is disregarded for checking uniqueness and other data-processing purposes.

PPa.1.3 PROVISIONS ABOUT ALLOCATION OF VEHICLE KEEPER MARKINGS

A vehicle keeper can be issued more than one VKM, in case:

- the vehicle keeper has a formal name in more than one language,
- a vehicle keeper has good cause to distinguish between separate vehicle fleets within his organisation.

A single VKM can be issued for a group of companies:

-

¹⁴ Digits, spaces and signs other than letters are not allowed. For NMBS/SNCB, the use of an encircled single letter B can be continued.

Diacritical marks are "accent signs", such as in À, Ç, Ö, Č, Ž, Å etc. Special letters such as Ø and Æ will be represented by a single letter; in tests for uniqueness Ø is treated as O and Æ as A.

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 79 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11

EU ref.

- that belong to single corporate structure (e.g. holding structure),
- that has mandated a separate, single legal entity for handling all issues on their behalf, in which event the legal entity is the keeper.

PPa.1.4 REGISTER OF VEHICLE KEEPER MARKINGS (VKM) AND PROCEDURE FOR **ALLOCATION**

The register of VKM is public and updated on a real time basis.

It is a joint register set up in accordance with an agreement between the Secretary General and ERA, see "Rules for registration of a VKM" on the OTIF website (www.otif.org) under Technology/Registers.

An application for a VKM is filed with the applicant's competent national authority and forwarded to

the central body. The central body is formed the ERA. jointly by the Secretary General and ERA. If the applicant has his place of business in a State which does not apply EU law, the central body is the Secretary General. The application form included in the abovementioned Rules shall be used.

A VKM can be used only after publication by

the central body, i.e. after publication on the the ERA. OTIF and ERA websites.

The National Authorities and the Secretary General (or ERA) may refuse registration of a requested VKM if the letter combination might lead to confusion or deception. In this case a justified decision shall be issued.

The holder of a VKM must inform the competent national authority when he ends the use of a VKM, and the competent national authority will forward the information to

the central body, i.e. the Secretary General if ERA. the Contracting State does not apply EU law.

A VKM will then be revoked once the keeper has proved that the marking has been changed on all vehicles concerned. It will not be reissued for 10 years, unless it is reissued to the original holder or at his request to another holder.

A VKM can be transferred to another holder, which is the legal successor to the original holder. A VKM stays valid when the VKM's holder changes his name to a name that does not bear resemblance to the VKM.

OTIF	OTIF ROLLING STOCK				
	FREIGHT W	Page 80 of 90			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012	

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11 EU ref.

PPa.2 INSCRIPTION OF THE NUMBER AND LINKED ALPHABETICAL MARKING ON THE Part 2 BODYWORK

PPa.2.1 GENERAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR EXTERNAL MARKINGS

The capital letters and figures making up the marking inscriptions shall be at least 80 mm in height, in a sans serif font type of correspondence quality. A smaller height may only be used where there is no option but to place the marking on the sole bars.

The marking is placed not higher than 2 metres above rail level.

PPa.2.2 WAGONS

The marking shall be inscribed on the wagon bodywork in the following manner (examples):

85 <u>CH</u> -SBB 7369 551-5	72 <u>SRB</u> -ZS 0691 232-1 Tanoos	85 <u>CH</u> -SBB	81 80 <u>D</u> -DB 6633 001-5 Falns	(profile G2)
80 <u>D</u> -RFC 7369 553-4	80 <u>D</u> -DB 0691 235-2	84 <u>NL</u> -ACTS 4796 100-8	. —	

Note concerning the examples:

The example RIV is only valid for existing wagons, i.e. not for wagons admitted after the entry into force of UTP WAG (including this Annex), see section PPa.5.1.

The dotted frame is not part of the marking.

For wagons whose bodywork does not offer a large enough area for this type of arrangement, particularly in the case of flat wagons, the marking shall be arranged as follows:

01 87 3320 644-7

TEN F-SNCF Ks

When one or more index letters with a national definition are inscribed on a wagon, this national marking (in the example below "xy") must be shown after the international letter marking and separated from it by a hyphen as follows:

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT W	Page 81 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11 EU ref.

01 87 3320 644-7

TEN F-SNCF Ks-xy

The keeper can add, in letters of larger size than the standard number, an own number marking (consisting generally of digits of the serial number supplemented by alphabetical coding) useful in operations. The place where the own number is marked is left to the choice of the keeper;

however it must always be possible to identify easily the unique standard number from the keeper's own number marking.

PPa.3 RULES FOR THE DETERMINATION OF THE CHECK-DIGIT (DIGIT 12)

Part 3

The check-digit is determined in the following manner:

- the digits in the even positions of the basic number (counting from the right) are taken at their own value;
- the digits in the odd positions of the basic number (counting from the right) are multiplied by 2;
- the sum formed by the digits in even position and by all the digits which constitute the partial products obtained from the odd positions is then established;
- the last digit of this sum is retained;
- the complement required to bring the last digit to 10 forms the check-digit; should this last digit be nought, then the check-digit will also be nought.

Examples

1 Let the basic number be 3 3 8 4 4 7 9 6 1 0 0

Multiplication factor 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2

6 3 16 4 8 7 18 6 2 0 0

Sum: 6 + 3 + 1 + 6 + 4 + 8 + 7 + 1 + 8 + 6 + 2 + 0 + 0 = 52

The last digit of this sum is 2.

The check-digit number will therefore be 8 and the basic number thus becomes the registration number 33 84 4796 100 - 8.

-

¹⁶ no similar provision in TSI OPE for freight wagons, only for locomotives, power cars and special wagons

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Page 81 of 90

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG				
	FREIGHT WAGONS					
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012		

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11 EU ref.

2 Let the basic number be 3 1 5 1 3 3 2 0 1 9 8

Multiplication factor 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 6 1 10 1 6 3 4 0 2 9 16

Sum: 6 + 1 + 1 + 0 + 1 + 6 + 3 + 4 + 0 + 2 + 9 + 1 + 6 = 40

The last digit of this sum is 0.

The check-digit number will therefore be 0 and the basic number thus becomes the registration number $31\ 51\ 3320\ 198\ -0$.

PPa.4 CODING OF THE COUNTRIES IN WHICH THE VEHICLES ARE REGISTERED Part 4 (DIGITS 3-4 AND ABBREVIATION)

The Information relating to third countries (non OTIF Member States) is given for information purposes only.

Countries	Alphabet ical	Numeric al	Countries	Alphabet ical	Numeric al
	country	country		country	country
	code (1)	code		code (1)	code
Albania	AL	41	Liechtenstein	FL ⁽¹⁾	-
Algeria	DZ	92	Lithuania	LT	24
Armenia	AM	58	Luxembourg	L	82
Austria	А	81	Macedonia (Former Yugoslav Republic of)	MK	65
Azerbaijan	AZ	57	Malta	М	-
Belarus	BY	21	Moldova	MD ⁽¹⁾	23
Belgium	В	88	Montenegro	MNE	62
Bosnia-Herzegovina	BIH	44	Monaco	МС	-
		50	Mongolia	MGL	31
Bulgaria	BG	52	Morocco	MA	93

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EU ref.

OTIF UTP

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11 country country country country code (1) code (1) code code China RC 33 Netherlands NL84 CU (3) Cuba 40 North Korea PRK 30 CY 76 Cyprus Norway Ν CZ 54 PLCzech Republic Poland 51 Denmark DK 86 Portugal Ρ 94 ET 53 Egypt 90 Romania RO Estonia **EST** 26 Russia RUS 20 Finland FIN 10 Serbia SRB 72 F 87 France Slovakia SK 56 79 28 SLO Georgia GΕ Slovenia D 80 South Korea ROK 61 Germany 71 Greece GR 73 Spain Ε S 74 Н 55 Sweden Hungary IR Iran 96 Switzerland CH 85 IRQ (1) Iraq 99 Syria SYR 97 Ireland **IRL** 60 Tajikistan TJ 66 IL Israel 95 Tunisia TN 91 Italy 1 83 Turkey TR 75 J 42 67 Turkmenistan TM Japan Kazakhstan ΚZ 27 UΑ 22 Ukraine Kyrgyzstan KS 59 United Kingdom GB 70 Latvia LV 25 Uzbekistan UΖ 29 VN (1) RL98 32 Lebanon Vietnam

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	Page 84 of 90			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11 EU ref.

(1) According to the alphabetical coding system described in Appendix 4 to the 1949 convention and Article 45(4) of the 1968 convention on road traffic.

Country names indicated in *italic* letters are not OTIF Member States at the time of the adoption of this UTP WAG.

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG				
	FREIGHT WAGONS					
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012		

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11 EU ref.

PPa.5 ALPHABETICAL MARKING OF THE INTEROPERABILITY CAPABILITY

Part 5

PPa.5.1 "TEN": a wagon which

 fully¹⁷ complies with all relevant UTPs (and RID if applicable) in the versions in force at the time¹⁸ of its technical admission and which, as it is subject to section 7.6.4 of UTP WAG, is admitted in <u>all</u> OTIF Contracting States (= OTIF Member States that apply APTU and ATMF) in accordance with ATMF Article 6 § 3,

or

is subject to ATMF Article 3a § 1 (i.e. authorised according to Articles 22(1) and 23(1) of EU Directive 2008/57/EC);

or

"RIV": a wagon which complies with the regulations of the railway Technical Unity (TU) and the obligatory provisions of the applicable leaflets in the UIC Code, including the provisions of the RIV 2000 agreement in its version of 1 January 2004. NB.: The RIV marking is only valid for wagons subject to the transitional provisions in Article 19 of ATMF;

"TEN": Vehicle which:

 a) complies with all relevant TSIs which are in force at the moment of placing in service and has been authorised to be placed in service according to Article 22(1) of Directive 2008/57/EC;

and

b) is provided with an authorisation valid in all (EU) Member States in accordance with Article 23(1) of Directive 2008/57/EC.

Authorisations for placing in service which have been granted before 19 July 2008, including authorisations delivered under international agreements, in particular RIC (Regolamento Internazionale Carrozze) and RIV (Regolamento Internazionale Veicoli), shall remain valid in accordance with the conditions under which the authorisations have been granted. This provision takes precedence over Articles 22 to 25.

2011/

2008/57/

EC, Art.

21 (12)

or

"PPV/PPW": A wagon which complies with the PPV/PPW or PGW agreement (inside OSJD States) (original: PPV/PPW: ППВ (Правила пользования вагонами в международном сообщении; PGW: Правила Пользования Грузовыми Вагонами)

314/EU

Annex P. part

Note:

Vehicles marked TEN correspond to coding 0 to 3 of the first digit in the vehicle number specified in Appendix Pa, part 6.

¹⁷ If the UTP contains "open points" relating to the wagon's compatibility with infrastructure or if the wagon is subject to a derogation or a specific case or not fully UTP compliant, it shall be admitted according to ATMF Article 6 § 4; instead of TEN, it will need the grid marking specified in the note to indicate the States by which the wagon has been admitted.

The date of admission is the date on which the Certificate is issued.

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT W	Page 86 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Corresponding text in EU regulations 11

EU ref.

(b)

Wagons which are not

authorised

for operation in all

admitted

Contracting States Member States

need a marking indicating the States where they have been admitted/authorised.

The marking shall be in accordance with standard EN 15877-1:2012 marking 4.5.33 "Derogation plate".

The list of authorising MS should be marked according to one of the following drawings ¹⁹, where D stands for the MS who has granted the first authorisation (in the given example, Germany) and F stands for the second authorising MS (in the given example, France).

The States shall be codified in accordance with

this Annex section PP.4.

Appendix Pa, part 4.

This case may cover vehicles which are

UTP WAG compliant but admitted according to ATMF Article 6 § 4 (i.e. State by State) and wagons which do not comply with the UTP WAG.

TSI compliant or which are not.

These wagons correspond to coding 4 or 8 of the first digit in the vehicle number specified in

this Annex section PP.6.1.

Appendix Pa, part 6.

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The drawings are not included here but shall be in accordance with marking 4.5.33 "Derogation plate" in EN 15877-1:2012.

G:\Technik\Working groups\WG TECH\WGTECH18 2012_11\Documents\1_Documents as input to WG\A 94-02_2_2012_e_Draft revised WAG UTP 2014.doc
Page 86 of 90

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	Page 87 of 90			
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

PPa.6 INTEROPERABILITY CODES USED FOR WAGONS (DIGITS 1-2)

PPa.6.1 (valid from 01.01.2014)

	1 st digit ↓	2 nd digit →	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 nd digit ←	1 st digit ↓
		Track Gauge	fixed or variable	fixed	variable	fixed	variable	fixed	variable	fixed	variable	fixed or variable	Track Gauge	
TEN ^(a) and/or	0	with axles		TEN ^(a) and/o	r RIV ^(b)			not to be	e used (^d)			PPV/PPW wagons	with axles	0
RIV (b) and/or PPV/PPW	1	with bogies	Not to be	wagon	S			HOL LO DE	e usea ()			(variable gauge)	with bogies	1
TEN ^(a) and/or	2	with axles	used			TEN	(a) and/or Pl	I (b) wagons				PPV/PPW	with axles	2
RIV ^(b) and/or PPV/PPW	3	with bogies			TEN ^(a) and/or RIV ^(b) wagons					wagons (fixed gauge)	with bogies	3		
Other	4	with axles (c)										Wagons with special numbering for technical	with axles (c)	4
wagons (e)	8	with bogies (c)	maintenance related wagons	Other wagons (e)					other wagons of placed in service inside EU or a		COTIF Contracting	with bogies (c)	8	
		Traffic		Domestic traffic or international traffic by special agreement										
	↑ 1 st digit	→ 2 nd digit	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	← 2 nd digit	↑ 1 st digit

⁽a) Wagons permitted to carry the TEN marking, see section PPa.5.1 (TSI: Appendix Pa, part 6), and which in addition to the criteria for the TEN marking meet the criteria included in section PPa.6.2.

⁽b) Including wagons, which according to existing regulations carry the digits defined in the present table. RIV cannot be used for wagons admitted after the entry into force of UTP WAG.

⁽c) Fixed or variable gauge.

⁽d) Except for wagons in category I (temperature-controlled wagons), not to be used for new vehicles placed in service.
(e) Including wagons permitted to carry the marking TEN, but do not meet the criteria included in section PPa.6.2; Includes also wagons which cannot carry the marking TEN.

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT W	Page 88 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

Corresponding text in EU regulations 20 EU ref.

PPa.6.2 For the purpose of marking a wagon with an indication of its operational compatibility²¹ the additional criteria below have to be met by a wagon which is subject to UTP WAG section 7.6.4 in order to be consistent with the requirements of Appendix C of the TSI WAG revised (final draft version 0.2): ²²

A wagon compliant with UTP WAG and subject to the UTP's section 7.6.4 and which also meet <u>all</u> the additional criteria set out below, may receive the marking "GE".

A wagon compliant with UTP WAG and subject to the UTP's section 7.6.4 and which also meet <u>all</u> the additional criteria set out below, <u>but not</u> C.3 and/or UTP WAG section 7.6.4 (c) and/or (d), may receive the marking "CW".

The format and position of these two additional markings will be included in UTP WAG Annex B (as soon as possible).

Additional criteria:

C.3 Ability to be hump shunted:

In addition to the requirements in section 6.2.3.1.1 of this UTP, the wagon shall be assessed in accordance with clause 8 of EN 12663-2:2010 and classified in Category F-I in accordance with clause 5.1 of EN 12663-2:2010 with the following exception: for wagons designed to carry motor vehicles or combined transport wagons without long stroke shock absorbers, Category F-II may be used. The requirements concerning the buffing tests in clause 8.2.5.1 of EN 12663-2:2010 apply.

C.8 Tests concerning longitudinal compressive forces:

The verification of safe running under longitudinal compressive forces shall be carried out in accordance with EN

 20 See footnote 1 on page 1.

The operational compatibility is different from the interoperability; the interoperability TEN marking (and the grid) indicates those Contracting States where the wagon is admitted to operation, whereas the operational marking indicates the 1435 mm trackgauge networks (except those in UK) where the wagon can be operated in the single wagon transport system.

The other provisions in Appendix C of the preliminary draft are covered in UTP WAG chapter 4-6, including the additional provisions applicable to wagons subject to section 7.6.4 (i.e. wagons cross-admitted in all Contracting States).

OTIF	ROLLING S	UTP WAG		
	FREIGHT W	Page 89 of 90		
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

15839:2011.

C.10 Location of parking brake handles

If a wagon is equipped with a parking brake, the location of its operating handle or operating wheel shall be:

- · on both sides of the wagon if it is operated from the ground or
- · on a platform that can be accessed from both sides of the wagon.

The handles for operation from the ground shall be wheels.

C.16 Tow hooks

Wagons shall be provided with tow hooks, which shall be fixed to the side of the wagon underframe in accordance with clause 1.4 of leaflet UIC 535-1.

C.17 Protection of protruding parts

To ensure the safety of staff on stationary vehicles, protruding (angular or pointed) wagon parts located up to 2 m above rail level or above passageways and working surfaces which are liable to cause accidents, shall be fitted with protective devices as described in clause 1.4 of leaflet UIC 535-2.

C.18 Label holders

Wagons shall be equipped with a label holder on each side in accordance with clause 1 of leaflet UIC 575.

PPa.7-

PPa.8

(Not relevant for wagons)

PPa.9 STANDARD NUMERICAL MARKING OF WAGONS (DIGITS 5 TO 8)

Part 9

This part indicates the numerical marking in 4 digits associated to the main technical characteristics of the wagon and it is published

on the OTIF website (www.otif.org).

on the ERA website (www.era.europa.eu).

Corresponding text in EU regulations 20

An application for a new code is filed with the registering entity

and forwarded to the central body (Secretary General).

as referred to in Decision 2007/756/EC) and sent to the ERA.

EU ref.

Part

OTIF	ROLLING STOCK			UTP WAG
	FREIGHT WAGONS			Page 90 of 90
Status: DRAFT	Version: 00	Ref.: A 94-02/2.2012	Original: EN	Date: 26.09.2012

OTIF UTP
A new code can be used only after publication
by the central body (Secretary General).

PPa.10- (Not relevant for wagons)

Part
10-11

This part is published

on the OTIF website (<u>www.otif.org</u>). on the ERA website (<u>www.era.europa.eu</u>).

Part 12

An application for a new code is filed with the registering entity

and forwarded to the central body (Secretary General). as referred to in Decision 2007/756/EC) and sent to the ERA.

A new code can be used only after publication

LETTER MARKING FOR WAGONS

PPa.12

by the central body (Secretary General). by the ERA.

PPa.13 (Not relevant for wagons)