

Organisation intergouvernementale pour les transports internationaux ferroviaires Zwischenstaatliche Organisation für den internationalen Eisenbahnverkehr Intergovernmental Organisation for International Carriage by Rail

INF.6

18 November 2019

(Russian and English only)

- **RID: 11th Session of the RID Committee of Experts' standing working group** (Vienna, 25 29 November 2019)
- Subject: Key differences between RID and GOST requirements for the manufacture, equipment, design and testing of tank-wagons (supplement to the main part)

Proposal transmitted by the Russian Federation



ЦЕНТР ТРАНСПОРТНЫХ ТЕХНОЛОГИЙ

Key differences between RID and GOST requirements for the manufacture, equipment, design and testing of tank-wagons (supplement to the main part)

A. Differences in design and operational requirements	B. Additional design requirements	C. Clarification of current requirements	D. Questions on current requirements
- the need to equip all openings having diameters more than 1.5 mm with internal shut-off devices (6.8.3.2.4)			-the extent of external stresses for the internal stop-valve and its seating (6.8.2.2.2)



RID requirements Big of tank-wagons for the 1520 mm track gauge Chapter 6.20 - requirements for tank-wagons, 1520 mm gauge
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A.6 The need to equip all openings having diameters more than 1.5 mm with internal shut-off devices (6.8.3.2.4)

6.8.3.2.4 All openings, other than those accommodating safety valves and closed bleed holes, of tanks intended for the carriage of liquefied flammable and/or toxic gases shall, if their nominal diameter is more than 1.5 mm, shall be equipped with an internal shut-off device.

Discharge/filling control devices have a nominal diameter of 6 mm, and they are not equipped with an internal shut-off device. A decrease in the diameter results in these discharge/filling control devices ceasing to function in the normal operation mode.

At the same time, tank-wagons designed for the carriage of liquefied gases have the protection of their operational equipment.

To supplement clause 6.20.3.2.4 with the following paragraph:

"It is acceptable not to equip discharge/filling control devices with a nominal diameter of not more than 6 mm with internal shut-off devices, provided that the tank-wagon is equipped with the fitting protection equipment".



Tank-wagons equipped with fittings protection equipment, intended for the carriage of liquefied gases



D.4 The extent of external stresses for the internal stop-valve and its seating (6.8.2.2.2)

6.8.2.2.2 ...

In order to avoid any loss of contents in the event of damage to the external fittings (pipes, lateral shut-off devices), the internal stop-valve and its seating shall be protected against the danger of being wrenched off by <u>external stresses</u> or shall be so designed as to resist <u>them</u> ...

Questions:

- 1. What external stresses are meant? What is their extent and which direction(s) do they come from?
- 2. Is there a standard which specifies these requirements?

Proposal: to draft this sentence in such a way that the main requirement would be to avoid any loss of contents, without specifying stresses. The following is a possible version of the wording:

"The internal stop-valve and its seating shall be protected or designed so as to avoid any loss of contents in the event of damage to the external fittings (pipes, lateral shut-off devices) when they are externally exposed in case of emergency."